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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM Simon Property Co Shop 2N/351 Oran Park Drive, Oran Park, NSW 2570	NSW DAN: Phone: 02 4602 2000 Ref: Simon Samardzic	
co-agent			
vendor	Josip Samardzic		
vendor's solicitor	Albert A Macri & Company Suite 3, 3-5 Norfolk Street, Liverpool NSW 2170 PO Box 710, Liverpool BC NSW 1871	Phone: (02) 9601 7888 Email: info@amacri.com.au Fax: (02) 9601 5996 Ref: AAM:SM:250449	
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date 17/8-10 Browne Parade, Warwick Farm, New South Wales 2170 Registered Plan: Lot 17 Plan SP 75057 Folio Identifier 17/SP75057		
	□ VACANT POSSESSION ⊠ subject to existing	g tenancies	
improvements	☐ HOUSE☐ garage☐ carport☐ home un☐ other:	nit □ carspace □ storage space	
attached copies	☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked☐ other documents:	or as numbered:	
A real estate agent is	permitted by <i>legislation</i> to fill up the items in this	s box in a sale of residential property.	
inclusions	_	d floor coverings □ range hood	
		ct screens	
	_	fittings ⊠ stove equipment □ TV antenna	
exclusions			
purchaser			
purchaser's solicitor			
price deposit balance	(10	0% of the price, unless otherwise stated)	
contract date	(if not	stated, the date this contract was made)	
Where there is more tha	n one purchaser □ JOINT TENANTS □ tenants in common □ in un	equal shares, specify:	
SST AMOUNT (optional) ouyer's agent	The price includes GST of: \$		

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER	
Signed by		Signed by	
Vendor		Purchaser	_
Vendor		Purchaser	
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY)	
Signed by- in accordance with s127(1) of the authorised person(s) whose signa	Corporations Act 2001 by the sture(s) appear(s) below:	Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the authorised person(s) whose sign	e Corporations Act 2001 by the
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	⊠ NO	□ yes	
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause	4) PEXA		
Manual transaction (clause 30)	⊠ NO	□ yes	_
	, • ·	ndor must provide fucable exemption, in t	urther details, including he space below):
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise thi	s is correct as	far as each <i>party</i> is	s aware)
Land tax is adjustable	⊠ NO	□ yes	
GST: Taxable supply	⊠ NO	☐ yes in full	☐ yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	⊠ NO	☐ yes	
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of th ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterpri			on 9-5(h))
		•	` ''
☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going	•	•	· //
\square GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land	or farm land sup	pplied for farming un	der Subdivision 38-O
\square input taxed because the sale is of eligible residentia	I premises (sect	tions 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)
Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment	⊠ NO	☐ yes (if yes, ver	ndor must provide
(GST residential withholding payment)		details)	
d	late, the vendor		mpleted at the contract ese details in a separate e for completion.
GSTRW payment (GST residential Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sentity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a in a GST joint venture.	sometimes furth	er information will be	
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's representative:			
Supplier's contact phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:			
If more than one supplier, provide the above det	ails for each su	upplier.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTR	<i>W rate</i> (resident	ial withholding rate)	:
Amount must be paid: $\ \square$ AT COMPLETION $\ \square$ at another to	time (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in m	noney? 🗆 NO	□ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-me	onetary conside	ration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the A	TO forms):		

List of Documents

General		Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)		
⊠ 1	property certificate for the land	⋈ 33 property certificate for strata common property		
□ 2	plan of the land	⋈ 34 plan creating strata common property		
□ 3	unregistered plan of the land			
□ 4	plan of land to be subdivided	☐ 36 strata development contract or statement		
□ 5	document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	☐ 37 strata management statement		
⊠ 6	section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	☐ 38 strata renewal proposal		
	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	☐ 39 strata renewal plan		
	1979	\square 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common		
□ 7	additional information included in that certificate	property		
	under section 10.7(5)	☐ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property		
⊠ 8	sewerage infrastructure location diagram	☐ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property		
	(service location diagram)	☐ 43 neighbourhood development contract		
⊠ 9	sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service	☐ 44 neighbourhood management statement		
☑ 10	diagram)	☐ 45 property certificate for precinct property		
△ IU	document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	☐ 46 plan creating precinct property		
	positive covenant disclosed in this contract	☐ 47 precinct development contract		
□ 11	planning agreement	☐ 48 precinct management statement		
	section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	49 property certificate for community property		
	survey report	□ 50 plan creating community property		
	building information certificate or building	☐ 51 community development contract		
	certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	☐ 52 community management statement		
□ 15	occupation certificate	☐ 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws		
⊠ 16	lease (with every relevant memorandum or	☐ 54 document disclosing a change in a development		
	variation)	or management contract or statement		
□ 17	other document relevant to tenancies	□ 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries□ 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes		
□ 18	licence benefiting the land	Management Act 2015		
□ 19	old system document	☐ 57 information certificate under Community Land		
□ 20	Crown purchase statement of account	Management Act 2021		
□ 21	9	☐ 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract		
	form of requisitions	☐ 59 other document relevant to the off the plan contract		
⊠ 23	clearance certificate	Other		
⊠ 24	land tax certificate	□ 60		
Home	Building Act 1989			
□ 25	insurance certificate			
□ 26	brochure or warning			
□ 27	evidence of alternative indemnity cover			
Swimming Pools Act 1992				
□ 28	certificate of compliance			
	evidence of registration			
	relevant occupation certificate			
	certificate of non-compliance			
	detailed reasons of non-compliance			
	·			

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Elite Strata Management

R1/54 Macquarie Street North, Liverpool, NSW 2170 Phone: (02) 9056-2836

reception@elitestrata.net.au

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory

Department of Primary Industries

Electricity and gas

Land and Housing Corporation

Subsidence Advisory NSW

Telecommunications

Transport for NSW

Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

> adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

authorised Subscriber a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as

being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8:

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday: business day

cheaue a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion:

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

the time of day at which completion is to occur;

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

a deposit bond or quarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer:

the expiry date (if any); and

the amount;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose discharging mortgagee

provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser:

document of title

FCNI

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace:

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared

and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of

the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; GST Act

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate):

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at GSTRW rate

> 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

incoming mortgagee property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

legislation manual transaction a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case

at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract; participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;

> a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property*;

populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace;

planning agreement

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve serve in writing on the other party:

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

 if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other cheque;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by
 - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*,
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*, or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*'s nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can terminate if -
 - 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a manual transaction, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* 4.2.1 each *party* must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer.
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date:
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price):
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)
- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
 - 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor
 - 16.5.1 the price less any -
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- The purchaser must not before completion -18.2
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the parties or any direction, document, legislation, notice or order affecting the property.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - keep the property in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of 18.3.1 possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the property passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor -
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 **Rescission of contract**

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right –
 - only by serving a notice before completion; and 19.1.1
 - in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any attempt to satisfy a claim or requisition, any 19.1.2 arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation –
 - the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded; 19.2.1
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate. 20.3
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together. 20.4
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- A document under or relating to this contract is -20.6
 - 20.6.1 signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received; 20.6.5
 - served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; 20.6.6
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the party's solicitor or an authorised Subscriber by means of an Electronic Workspace created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of rescission or termination.
- An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay 20.7
 - if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or if the party pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
 - 20.7.2
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current. 20.10
- A reference to any legislation (including any percentage or rate specified in legislation) is also a reference to 20.11 any corresponding later legislation.
- Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this 20.12
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the property includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation:
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable):
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion:
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service,
 if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it)
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
 - 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

Transfer

- 30.2 Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

• Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

33. AMENDMENTS TO PRINTED CONTRACT

The Contract is amended as follows:

- (a) Clause 2.9 is deleted.
- (b) Clause 5.2.3 is deleted.
- (c) Clause 7.1.1 is amended by substituting 1% in lieu of 5%;
- (d) Clause 8.1.1 is amended by deleting the words "on reasonable grounds";
- (e) Clause 8.1.2 is amended by deleting the words "and those grounds";
- (f) Clause 14.4.2 is amended by deleting the words "the person who owned the land owned no other land" and "the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company;"
- (g) Clause 23.6.2 is deleted and replaced with "the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined before and after the contract date."
- (h) Clauses 23.5.2, 23.5.3, 23.7, 23.6.1, 23.8, 23.9 are deleted.
- (i) Clauses 23.13-23.14: delete and replace with "The purchaser shall be responsible for obtaining a Certificate under s184 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s174 Community Land Management Act 2021 at its own expense";
- (j) Clause 25 is deleted.
- (k) Clauses 28.2 to 28.5 are deleted.
- (I) Clause 29.7.3 and Clause 29.8.3 is amended by substituting 7 days in lieu of 21 days.

34. AGENT

- (a) The purchaser warrants that the purchaser was not introduced to the vendor or to the property by or through the medium of:
 - (i) A real estate agent; or
 - (ii) An employee of a real estate agent; or
 - (iii) A person having a connection with a real estate agent, other than the vendor's agent if any.
- (b) The purchaser must at all times indemnify the vendor from and against:
 - (i) Any claim for commission made by any person other than the vendor's agent arising out of a breach of warranty; and
 - (ii) All actions, proceedings and expenses arising out of any such claim.
- (c) This Special Condition 34 will not merge on completion but will continue in force for as long as in necessary to give it full effect.

35. RELEASE OF DEPOSIT

Notwithstanding any provision contained herein to the contrary the Purchaser hereby irrevocably agrees and authorises the release of the whole or any part of the deposit paid herein to the Vendor to use towards the purchase of any property being purchased by the Vendor and/or stamp duty, and/or Vendor Duty, and/or a rental bond for a rental property, and/or an ingoing contribution for a Charge/Lease/Accommodation Bond pursuant to the Retirement Villages Act, and/or a deposit on a building contract. This clause shall be sufficient authority to the agent to release the deposit as aforesaid.

36. PROPERTY SOLD IN CURRENT CONDITION

- (a) The property together with all appurtenances (if any) and all those items specified as inclusions, furnishings and chattels is purchased in its present condition and state of repair and subject to all faults and defects both latent and patent and;
 - (i) the purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it buys the property together with all appurtenances and all those items specified as inclusions, furnishings and chattels, relying on its own inspection, knowledge and enquiries;

- (ii) the purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it does not rely wholly or partly on any statement or representation made to it by or on behalf of the vendor as to the property, the neighbourhood in which the property is situated, the condition or state of repair of any improvements on the property or any part of the property, or the financial return or income derived or to be derived from the property, whether expressed or implied other than any express statements, representations or warranties in this contract; and
- (iii) The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:
 - (a) In its present condition and state of repair;
 - (b) Subject to all defects latent and patent;
 - (c) Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
 - (d) Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property;
 - (e) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.
 - (f) The Vendor is not required to professionally clean the property prior to completion;
 - (g) The Vendor is not required to mow the grass or remove rubbish and debris from the property;
 - (h) The vendor is not required to remove hooks from walls; and
 - (i) The Purchaser has undertaken adequate inspection of the property and inclusions, and will not hold the Vendor responsible for any mechanical breakdown, fair wear and tear to the inclusions or the dwelling at the property that may have occurred after the date of Contract.
- (iv) the purchaser is not entitled to make requisition, objection or claim for compensation, delay completion, rescind or terminate this contract on account of any matter referred to in this clause.
- (b) Subject to any right of rescission that may be available to the purchaser the purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it shall not make nor be entitled to make any requisition, claim for compensation, delay completion, rescind or terminate if it should be found that:
 - (i) there is any breach or contravention of the *Local Government Act 1993* (as amended) or the regulations made thereunder by or in the respect of any improvements erected upon the property;
 - (ii) there is any encroachment by or upon the property;
 - (iii) any sewers, drains, pipes, cables, wires, water courses or other installations or things are on or pass through or over the property or are used in common with any adjoining property or pass through any other property or hat there are any easements or rights in respect of such installations affecting the property;
 - (iv) any rainwater drainpipe is connected to the sewer; or
 - (v) any boundary of the property is not fenced, or any boundary fence or wall is not on or withing boundary.

37. DOCUMENTS ATTACHED TO CONTRACT

- (a) For the purposes of clause 10, the substance of all material contained in any document (or copy of any document) attached to this contract is disclosed in this contract whether or not included in the list of documents on page 2.
- (b) If before this contract is signed by or on behalf of the Purchaser a document or copy of a document, at the request of the Vendor or the Vendor's solicitor, was attached to this

contract by or on behalf of the Purchaser or the Purchaser's solicitor, the person attaching that document or copy did so as the agent of the Vendor.

38. ALTERATIONS TO CONTRACT

Each party hereof authorises his, her or their solicitor or any employee of that solicitor to make alterations to this contract including the addition of annexures after execution up until the date of this contract and any such alterations shall be binding upon the party deemed hereby to have authorised the same and any annexure so added shall form part of this contract as if same was annexed prior to the contract being executed.

39. NOTICE TO COMPLETE

If either party is unable or unwilling to complete by the completion date, the other party shall be entitled at any time after the completion date to serve a notice to complete making the time for completion essential. Such a notice shall give not less than 14 days' notice after the day immediately following the day on which that notice is received by the recipient of the notice. The notice may nominate a specified hour on the last day as the time for completion. A notice to complete of such duration is considered by the parties to be reasonable and sufficient to render the time for completion essential.

The purchaser must pay to the vendor, in addition to other payments by the purchaser under or in relation to this contract, by way of allowance, costs in the sum of \$440.00 (GST inclusive) for each notice to complete that the vendor has served or attempted to serve.

40. SERVICE OF NOTICES

Notices are taken to be given:

- (a) In the case of delivery by hand, when delivered:
- (b) In the case of delivery by post, on the third (seventh, if sent to an address in another country) day after the date of posting;
- (c) In the case of delivery by fax, at the time shown on a transmission report by the machine from which the fax was sent which indicates that the fax communication was sent at that time, in its entirety and without error to the fax number of the recipient; and:
- (d) In the case of service by email and despite anything in clause 20.6, a document may be served by e-mail in which event it is served by or on a party: -
 - (i) When recorded on the sender's e-mail server unless: -
 - (A) Within 24 hours of that time the recipient informs the sender that the e-mail was received in an incomplete or illegible form; or
 - (B) the e-mail server indicates a faulty or incomplete e-mail address.
 - (ii) Where a solicitor for the party named in the contract, if it is sent using the solicitor's e-mail address stated in the contract or any other e-mail address which that solicitor may have notified to the sender.
 - (iii) Where there is no solicitor named in the contract in respect of a party, if it is sent using the e-mail address stated in the contract (if any) or any other email address which that party may have notified the sender; and
 - (iv) On a business day on which it is received unless it is received after 5.00pm in which case it will be taken to have been served on the commencement of the next business day.

41. INTEREST AND FEES FOR LATE COMPLETION

If completion has not taken place (except through the Vendor's default) by the completion date

the Purchaser agrees to pay on completion interest on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum calculated from the completion date to the date of actual completion by way of damages for the delayed settlement.

In addition, the purchaser is to pay \$99.00 (GST inclusive) for each cancellation or each time settlement is rescheduled.

It is an essential term of this Contract that such interest is paid on the date of actual completion.

42. CORRECTION OF ERROR IN ADJUSTMENT AT COMPLETION

If after completion an adjustment as required under this Contract was adjusted incorrectly or by error, the parties agree to correct such adjustment or error and cause a full payment to be made for rectifying such incorrect adjustment or error within seven (7) days (and time of essence in this respect) of receipt of written notification from the party entitled to reimbursements due to incorrect adjustment or error. This clause shall not merge on completion.

43. ADDITIONAL RIGHT OF RESCISSION

Without prejudice to any other rights or remedies which may be available, to the parties at law or in equity, should either party prior to completion:

- (a) being a company resolve to go into liquidation, or have an application for its winding up presented, or resolve to go into liquidation or enter into any scheme or arrangement with its creditors, or have a liquidator receiver or official manager appointed to it, shall be deemed to be in default hereunder, or
- (b) being a natural person, and if more than one person, then if any one of them shall die or become mentally ill, THEN, the Vendor may by notice in writing to the purchasers solicitor or to the purchasers conveyancer, as the case may be, rescind this agreement whereupon the provisions of Clause 19 shall apply.

44. BUILDING CERTIFICATE

Notwithstanding anything contained in this contract or any rule of Law or Equity to the contrary, the Vendor is not required to do any work or expend any money on or in relation to the property nor to make application for or do anything towards obtaining a building certificate under Division 6.7 of the Environmental Planning and & Assessment Act, 1979 (the Building Certificate).

45. EXTENSION OF COMPLETION DATE

In the event that this contract is exchanged subject to the provisions of Section 66S of the Conveyancing Act, 1919 then the Vendor retains the right to extend the completion date by the time expired under the cooling off period or to elect to retain the completion date as is incorporated in the contract. This condition is an essential term of this contract and is not negotiable. The Vendor will make this election in writing within seven (7) days of the expiration of the cooling off period.

46. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

In the event of a conflict between the standard printed conditions of this Contract and these special conditions then these special conditions will prevail.

47. PURCHASERS WARRANTY

In addition to the matters noted at clause 22, the purchaser warrants to the vendor that:

(a) it /he/she is not a foreign person for the purposes of the Foreign Acquisitions & Takeovers Act 1975 and that approval to his purchase of the property is not required pursuant to that Act: or alternatively

(b) it /he/she has obtained approval to his purchase of the property pursuant to the said Act.

In the event of a breach of the warranty in this clause the purchaser agrees to indemnify and compensate the vendor in respect of any loss, damage, penalty, fine or legal costs which may be incurred by the vendor as a consequence thereof. This warranty and indemnity shall not merge on completion.

48. CONSUMER CREDIT CODE

The Purchase acknowledges that the vendor has entered into this contract based on the purchaser's warranty that:

- (a) The purchaser does not require credit in order to pay for the property; or
- (b) If the purchaser does require credit in order to pay for the property, the purchaser has obtained such credit on reasonable terms prior to the date of this contract

And the purchaser shall not have any right to rescind or terminate this contract by reason of any non-availability of credit as at the date of completion of this contract

49. GUARANTEE FOR CORPORATE PURCHASER

- (a) This clause applies if the purchaser is a corporation but does not apply to a corporation listed on an Australian Stock Exchange.
- (b) In consideration of the vendor entering into this Contract at the guarantor's request, the guarantor guarantees to the vendor:
 - (i) payment of all money payable by the purchaser under this Contract; and
 - (ii) the performance of all of the purchaser's other obligations under this Contract.
- (c) The guarantor:
 - (i) indemnifies the vendor against any claim, action, loss, damage, cost, liability, expense or payment incurred by the vendor in connection with or arising from any breach or default by the purchaser of its obligations under this Contract; and
 - (ii) must pay on demand any money due to the vendor under this indemnity.
- (d) The guarantor is jointly and separately liable with the purchaser to the vendor for:
 - (i) the performance by the purchaser of its obligations under this Contract; and
 - (ii) any damage incurred by the vendor as a result of the purchaser's failure to perform its obligations under this Contract or the termination of this Contract by the vendor.
- (e) The guarantor must pay to the Vendor on written demand by the vendor all expenses incurred by the vendor in respect of the vendor's exercise or attempted exercise of any right under this clause.
- (f) If the Vendor assigns or transfers the benefit of this Contract, the transferee receives the benefit of the guarantor's obligations under this clause.
- (g) The guarantor's obligations under this clause are not released, discharged or otherwise affected by:
 - (i) the granting of any time, waiver, covenant not to sue or other indulgence;
 - (ii) the release or discharge of any person;
 - (iii) an arrangement, composition or compromise entered into by the vendor, the purchaser, the guarantor or any other person;

- (iv) any moratorium or other suspension of the right, power, authority, discretion or remedy conferred on the vendor by this Contract, a statute, a Court or otherwise;
- (v) payment to the vendor, including payment which at or after the payment date is illegal, void, voidable, avoided or unenforceable; or
- (vi) the winding up of the purchaser.
- (h) This clause binds the guarantor and the executors, administrators and assigns of the guarantor.
- (i) This clause operates as a Deed between the vendor and the guarantor.

EXECUTED as a Deed

SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED by) The Guarantor) In the presence of:-)	
	Signature
Witness	
Name of Witness	
SIGNED SEALED & DELIVERED by) The Guarantor) In the presence of:-	
	Signature
Witness	
Name of Witness	

50. TENANCY

If the property is being sold "subject to existing tenancy" the purchaser shall raise no objection or delay completion in the event that the property is vacant at the completion date.

51. REQUISITIONS

The Purchaser agrees that the only form of general Requisitions on Title the Purchaser may make under Printed Clause 5 are in the form attached.

The Vendor provides the answers to the requisitions attached to this contract.

The Purchaser may not make any claim in respect of any answer to the Requisitions.

52. MINE SUBSIDENCE

We hereby refer you to the Section 10.7 Certificate and especially in relation to Mine Subsidence. If the property is affected by Mine Subsidence certain development in a Mine Subsidence District requires approval from Subsidence advisory NSW – further information can be obtained from Subsidence Advisory NSW. Subsidence Advisory NSW has set surface development guidelines for properties in Mine Subsidence Districts that specify building requirements to help prevent potential damage from coal mine subsidence https://www.subsidenceadvisory.nsw.gov.au/

The purchaser expressly acknowledges they themselves and/or their representatives have

made enquiries with the Mine Subsidence Board and the purchaser hereby acknowledges and agrees as follows:

- (a) The purchaser has made its own enquiries regarding purchasing/owning property constructing and proposed subdivision of a property within a Mine Subsidence Zone and has had the opportunity to obtain independent expert advice in relation thereto;
- (b) Except as may otherwise be contained in this agreement the vendor has made no representation or warranty regarding the Purchasers ability to subdivide or construct on the land.
- (c) The purchaser fully releases and discharges the vendor from any and all claims or entitlements which the purchaser may have or claim to have in relation to any future subdivision or construction or the existence of the land being affected by Mine Subsidence Zone.
- (d) The purchaser indemnifies and agrees to indemnify the vendor and keep the vendor indemnified at all times after the date of settlement in respect of any action, claim, proceeding, demand, cost, expense, loss or damage which the vendor may suffer, sustain or incur irrespective of whether the same arises from any third party or by or on behalf of the purchaser by reason of the existence of the land being in a Mine Subsidence Zone or any failure to subdivide or construct or by reason of any breach of default of the purchaser in the performance of its obligations hereunder or at law.

53. FOREIGN RESIDENT CAPITAL GAINS WITHHOLDING CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE (FRCGWCC)

If there is a discrepancy between the vendor's name as noted on the front page of this contract and/or title search and on the FRCGWCC, then the purchaser shall accept a statutory declaration by the vendor to address the name discrepancy. The purchaser shall accept the statutory declaration as evidence of the vendor's identity and will not be entitled to make a requisition, claim, delay completion, rescind or terminate in respect to this clause.

54. CONTAMINATION

- (a) Without limiting any other clause, the purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it has satisfied itself after conducting its inquiry that:
 - (i) The Property is sold and accepted by the purchaser subject to any Contamination and any asbestos containing materials, (if any), in, or under the property as at completion.
 - (ii) the purchaser must not require the Vendor to remove any asbestos or asbestos containing materials, if any, from the Property either before or after completion; and
 - (iii) no warranty or representation is given (whether express or implied) by the Vendor or anyone on behalf of the Vendor in respect of asbestos or asbestos containing materials.
- (b) The purchaser warrants to the Vendor that it has made and relied on its own searches and enquiries and satisfied itself in all respects as to, and agrees to take title subject to, any asbestos and asbestos containing materials in, on or under the Property as at completion.
- (c) Without limiting any other clause, on and from completion the purchaser releases the Vendor to the maximum extent permitted at law from any Claim and liability whatsoever in relation to any asbestos and asbestos containing materials in, on or under the Property as at completion.
- (d) The purchaser is not entitled to rescind, terminate or delay completion of this contract, nor to object, requisition or make any Claim (including a claim under clause 6) as a result

of or arising from the presence of any asbestos or asbestos containing materials in, on or under the Property.

The provisions of this clause do not merge on completion or on transfer of the Property but continue to have effect and to bind the parties.

55. CHRISTMAS CLOSURE

Notwithstanding the completion date referred to in this contract, the parties agree if completion does not occur before 5.00 p.m. 19 December, 2025 then any Notice to Complete must not call for completion prior to 12 January, 2026.

56. DEPOSIT LESS THAN 10%

- (a) For the purpose of Clause 9.1 of the Contract generally, "the Deposit" is the sum equivalent to 10% of the purchase price.
- (b) If the Vendor agrees to accept a payment of less than 10% of the purchase price on exchange of contracts, the deposit is payable by the Purchaser as follows:
 - (i) The amount equivalent to 5% of the purchase price, on the date of this Contract; and
 - (ii) The balance of the deposit on or earlier of;
 - (A) Completion of this Contract; and
 - (B) The date on which the Purchaser commits a default under this Contract which would entitle the Vendor to exercise the rights conferred under Clause 9 (including forfeiture of the deposit), and in this respect, time is of the essence.
- (c) Further and in addition to the rights conferred on the Vendor under Clause 2.5, upon any default by the Purchaser which entitles the Vendor to exercise the rights conferred by Clause 9 (including forfeiture of the deposit) the Vendor will be entitled to sue the Purchaser for the balance of the unpaid deposit, and recover the difference as a liquidated debt.
- (d) The rights given to the Vendor by the provision of this clause will be in addition to all other rights conferred on the Vendor by Clause 9 of this Contract.
- (e) The parties further agree that notwithstanding Clause 2.9 all interest, if any, earned on investment of that part of the deposit which has been paid by the Purchaser is to be retained by the Vendor in the event that this clause applied.

57. CONDITIONS OF SALE OF LAND BY AUCTION

- (a) The Bidders' record means the bidders' record to be kept pursuant to clause 13 of the Property and Stock Agents Regulation 2014 and section 68 of the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002.
- (b) The vendor's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences.
- (c) A bid for the vendor cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the start of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the vendor.
- (d) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price.

- (e) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final.
- (f) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the vendor.
- (g) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person.
- (h) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer.
- (i) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser is to sign the agreement for sale.

In addition to the conditions above the following conditions apply to the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:

- (j) All bidders must be registered in the bidders' record and display an identifying number when making a bid.
- (k) The auctioneer may make only one vendor bid at an auction of residential property or rural land.
- (I) Immediately before making a vendor bid the auctioneer must announce that the bid is made on behalf of the seller.

In addition to the conditions set out above the following conditions apply to the sale by auction of co-owned residential property or rural land or the sale of such land by a seller as executor or administrator

- (m) More than one vendor bid may be made to purchase the interest of a co-owner.
- (n) A bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity.
- (o) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the seller.
- (p) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce the bidder registration number of any co-owner, executor or administrator or any person registered to bid on behalf of any co-owner, executor or administrator.

STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser: Property:

Dated:

Unit

Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?

3.

- What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy? (a)
- (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
- (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
- (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
- Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number. (e)
- (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW))? If so, please provide details.
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details,

- 6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations and recorded as the owner of the Property on the strata roll, free from all other
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 22 of the Strata Schemes Management Act
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If
 - to what year has a return been made? (a)
 - what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year? (b)
- The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the Land Tax 13. Management Act 1956 (NSW)) at least 14 days before completion.

Survey and building

- 14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property or the common property.
- 15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 16. In respect of the Property and the common property:
 - (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - Has the vendor a Building Information Certificate of a Building Certificate which relates to all current (c) buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

- (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate (as referred to in the former s109C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act) or an Occupation Certificate as referred to in s6.4 of that Act for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;

(ii) when was the building work completed?

(iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;

- (iv) please provide details of insurance or any alternative indemnity product under the *Home Building Act 1989 (NSW)*.
- (f) Are there any proposals by the Owners Corporation or an owner of a lot to make any additions or alterations or to erect any new structures on the common property? If so, please provide details.

(g) Has any work been carried out by the vendor on the Property or the common property? If so:

- (i) has the work been carried out in accordance with the by-laws and all necessary approvals and consents?
- (ii) does the vendor have any continuing obligations in relation to the common property affected?

17. Is the vendor aware of any proposals to:

resume the whole or any part of the Property or the common property?

(b) carry out building alterations to an adjoining lot which may affect the boundary of that lot or the Property?

(c) deal with, acquire, transfer, lease or dedicate any of the common property?

(d) dispose of or otherwise deal with any lot vested in the Owners Corporation?
 (e) create, vary or extinguish any easements, restrictions or positive covenants over the Property or the common property?

(f) subdivide or consolidate any lots and/or any common property or to convert any lots into common property?

(g) grant any licence to any person, entity or authority (including the Council) to use the whole or any part of the common property?

18.

- (a) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property or the common property?
- (b) Is there any planning agreement or other arrangement referred to in \$7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, (registered or unregistered) affecting the Property or the common property?. If so please provide details and indicate if there are any proposals for amendment or revocation?

19. In relation to any swimming pool on the Property or the common property:

(a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?

- (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the *Local Government Act 1919 (NSW)* and *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*?
- (c) does it comply with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
- (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* or regulations?

(e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract:

(f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.

20.

(a) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences in the strata scheme?

(b) Is the vendor aware of any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW)* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)* affecting the strata scheme?

Affectations, notices and claims

21. In respect of the Property and the common property:

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
- (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?

(c) Is the vendor aware of:

- (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
- (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?

(iii) any latent defects in them?

(d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:

- (i) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
- (ii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
- (iii) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.

(iv) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?

- (v) the existence of any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass or polyethylene or other flammable or combustible material such as cladding?
- (a) If a licence benefits the Property please provide a copy and indicate:
 - (i) whether there are any existing breaches by any party to it;
 - (ii) whether there are any matters in dispute; and
 - (ii) whether the licensor holds any deposit, bond or guarantee.
 - (b) In relation to such licence:
 - All licence fees and other moneys payable should be paid up to and beyond the date of completion;
 - (ii) The vendor must comply with all requirements to allow the benefit to pass to the purchaser.

Applications, Orders etc

- Are there any applications made, proposed or threatened, whether by an owner of a lot or the Owners Corporation, to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, any Court or to the Registrar General for orders relating to the strata scheme, the Property or the common property (including orders to vary the strata scheme consequent upon damage or destruction or to terminate the strata scheme) which are yet to be determined? If so, please provide particulars.
- Are there any mediations currently being conducted by the Commissioner of Fair Trading, Department of Finance Services and Innovation in relation to the Property or the common property which involve the vendor or the Owners Corporation? If so, please provide particulars.
- 25. Are there any:
 - (a) orders of the Tribunal;
 - (b) notices of or investigations by the Owners Corporation;
 - (c) notices or orders issued by any Court; or
 - (d) notices or orders issued by the Council or any public authority or water authority,

affecting the Property or the common property not yet complied with? In so far as they impose an obligation on the vendor they should be complied with by the vendor before completion.

- 26. Have any orders been made by any Court or Tribunal that money (including costs) payable by the Owners Corporation be paid from contributions levied in relation to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
- 27. Has the vendor made any complaints or been the subject of any complaints arising out of noise affecting the Property or emanating from the Property?
- 28. Has any proposal been given by any person or entity to the Owners Corporation or to the Vendor for:
 - (a) a collective sale of the strata scheme; or
 - (b) a redevelopment of the strata scheme (including a strata renewal proposal)?

If so, please provide particulars of the proposal and the steps taken and decisions made in relation to the proposal to the present time.

Owners Corporation management

- 29. Has the initial period expired?
- 30. Are any actions proposed to be taken or have any been taken by the Owners Corporation in the initial period which would be in breach of its powers without an order authorising them?
- 31. If the Property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 32. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract, including any liabilities of the Owners Corporation) exceed 1% of the price?
- 33. Has an appointment of a strata managing agent and/or a building manager been made? If so:
 - (a) who has been appointed to each role;
 - (b) when does the term or each appointment expire; and
 - (c) what functions have been delegated to the strata managing agent and/or the building manager.
- 34. Has the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement to provide amenities or services to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
- 35. Has a resolution been passed for the distribution of surplus money from the administrative fund or the capital works fund? If so, please provide particulars.
- 36. Have the by-laws adopted a common property memorandum as prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of Section 107 of the Act? If so, has the memorandum been modified? Please provide particulars.
- 37. Is there a registered building management statement pursuant to Section 108 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 (NSW)*? If so, are there any proposals to amend the registered building management statement?
- 38. If the strata scheme was in existence at 30 November 2016, has the Owners Corporation taken steps to review the by-laws that were current at that date and have they been consolidated? If so, please provide particulars.
- 39. Are there any pending proposals to amend or repeal the current by-laws or to add to them?
- 40. Are there any proposals, policies or by-laws in relation to the conferral of common property rights or which deal with short term licences and/or holiday lettings?
- 41. If not attached to the Contract, a strata information certificate under Section 184 of the Act should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- 42. Has the Owners Corporation met all of its obligations under the Act relating to:
 - (a) insurances;
 - (b) fire safety;
 - (c) occupational health and safety;
 - (d) building defects and rectification in relation to any applicable warranties under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW);

(e) the preparation and review of the 10 year plan for the capital works fund; and

(f) repair and maintenance.

Is the secretary of the Owners Corporation in receipt of a building bond for any building work on a building that is part of the Property or the common property?

44. Has an internal dispute resolution process been established? If so, what are its terms?

45. Has the Owners Corporation complied with its obligation to lodge tax returns with the Australian Taxation Office and has all tax liability been paid?

Capacity

46. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

47. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance certificate* under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.

48. The vendor should furnish completed details within the time specified in the contract, sufficient to enable the purchaser to make any RW payment.

- 49. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 50. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 51. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.

52. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.

Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.

Replies to Requisitions - Strata Title (Residential)

- 1. Noted.
- 2. No.
- 3. The sale is not subject to a tenancy. If the sale is subject to a tenancy, the following applies:
 - (a) This is disclosed in the Lease provided in the contract.
 - (b) If in writing, this is in the contract and no hard copies will be provided on completion. Any notice(s) of attornment will be provided on completion.
 - (c) The vendor does not believe that there are any, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
 - (d) Noted.
 - (e) If there is a bond, details of this will be provided.
 - (f) Noted.
- 4. No.
- 5. (a) and (b) The vendor does not believe so, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 6. Noted.
- 7. Noted.
- 8. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 9. The certificate of title is electronic.
- 10. No.
- 11. Noted.
- 12. See the s 47 certificate already provided/attached.
- 13. Noted.
- 14. The vendor does not believe that this is applicable, however if so the contract discloses same and the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 15. No.
- 16. (a) As far as vendor is aware yes.
 - (b) The vendor does not believe so, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
 - (c) No.
 - (d) If available, this will be provided on or before completion.
 - (e) If applicable then this information has been provided and the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
 - (f) No.
 - (g) The vendor does not believe so, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 17. (a) (g) The vendor is not aware of any such proposals. If the Vendor is aware, documentation will/has been provided.
- 18. (a) As to the vendor no.
 - (b) The vendor is not aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 19. If there is a swimming pool, the Certificate of Registration and Certificate of Compliance or Non-Compliance are part of the Contract if required to be so. Unless otherwise disclosed, the vendor believes that all Acts and Regulations regarding the swimming pool have been complied with, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries. No original documents will be handed over on completion.
- 20. (a) and (b) Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 21. (a) The vendor is not aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.

- (b) The vendor does not believe so, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- (c) Other than as disclosed in the contract no.
- (d) The vendor is not aware and the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 22. If applicable, details have/will be provided.
- 23. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 24. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 25. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 26. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 27. No.
- 28. No.
- 29. Yes.
- 30. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 31. This is a matter for search.
- 32. No.
- 33. (a), (b) and (c). If applicable, these details will be provided for in the contract and/or strata report.
- 34. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 35. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 36. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 37. If applicable a copy has been provided.
- 38. If applicable, the vendor believes so, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 39. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries
- 40. Not as far as the vendor is aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 41. Not agreed.
- 42. As far as the vendor is aware, yes, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 43. The vendor is not aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 44. The vendor is not aware, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 45. As far as the vendor is aware, yes, however the purchaser is to rely on their own enquiries.
- 46. Noted.
- 47. Noted.
- 48. Noted.
- 49. Noted.
- 50. Not agreed. CAC no longer required to effect a transfer.
- 51. Noted.
- 52. Noted subject to contract.
- 53. Not agreed.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 17/SP75057

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME _____ ____ -----____ 17/5/2024 5/9/2025 3:01 PM

LAND

LOT 17 IN STRATA PLAN 75057 AT LIVERPOOL

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA LIVERPOOL

FIRST SCHEDULE

JOSIP SAMARDZIC

(T AP813861)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP75057

SP75057 RESTRICTION(S) ON THE USE OF LAND 2.

SP75057 POSITIVE COVENANT 3

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

250449...

PRINTED ON 5/9/2025

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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP75057

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME -----_____ ____ 21/12/2018 5/9/2025 3:01 PM 4

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 75057 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT LIVERPOOL LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA LIVERPOOL PARISH OF ST LUKE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM SP75057

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 75057 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: ALL SUBURBS STRATA MANAGEMENT PTY LTD PO BOX 142 LIVERPOOL NSW BC 1871

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

SP75057 RESTRICTION(S) ON THE USE OF LAND

SP75057 POSITIVE COVENANT

AN963130 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 1000)

STRATA	PLAN	75057									
LOT	ENT		LOT		ENT	LOT		ENT	LOT		ENT
1 -	32		2	-	31	3	-	35	4	-	32
5 -	32		6	-	32	7	-	31	8	-	35
9 –	32		10	-	32	11	-	33	12	-	32
13 -	35		14	-	33	15	-	33	16	-	34
17 -	32		18	-	36	19	-	34	20	-	34
21 -	34		22	-	32	23	-	36	24	-	34
25 -	34		26	-	34	27	-	32	28	-	36
29 -	34		3.0	_	34						

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

250449...

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SCHEDULE OF

Reducent Development Coasest the CAC I DOIN 11 JULY 2005 SUBSISSION IN 10872 Accretitation No. 418677 Development) Act 1973 as I Strate-Schomeo-Leopen have been complied with, approves of the proposed 3 * This approved is given on the condition that use oil total while willy total designed to be used primarily for storage on as males vehicles or goods and not for bancon occupation as i * The Accredited Certifier is satisfied in development consent in force that others *Council does not diving to the encrondment of the building beyond the any applicable conditions of any development of the strate development in the strategy development in "The extredited extilier is settified that the plan is consistent with a relevant fewelapment content in faces, and that all conditions of the development command that by its farms are stagisted to be complied with before a statis curlificate may Washedad in the expanse to this cutificata that the building complex with a referred softelli Hear ration as a ratificate, office, shap wise of a lat of physicae in the state of the This is sheel 1 of my Pica in thodel By-laws adopted for this-scheme RESIDENTIAL Koeping of enimals - Ophian A/B/G ũ . State whether dealing or plan, and quote registered number. "His its - suriding approaches-pathat been cleated by registrations * (b) the building encrosches as keed father respect of which encrockness as expression the servey information recorded to the accompanying tocation with its accorde. SEVEN sheels. Name of, and *address t service of notices on, th owners corporation * Address required on Parish : * Address required on original strata plan only ST. LUKE s for LIVERPOOL 2170 No. 8 - 10 BROWNE PARADE THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN No. 75057 County : CUMBERLAND Ref. Map. Purpose: Last Plan: DP1063352 STRATA PLAN U9145 - 74 *OFFICE USE ONLY 28.7. 2005

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

Complete, or delete if

Monogor/Assertabled Costiller

'Schedule of By-laws in § sheets filed

with plan

Complete, or delate if inapplicable Re By-laws spot

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	30	29	28	27	. 26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	8	17	LOT No.	SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT
	34	34	36	32	34	34	34	36	32	34	34	\$\$	36	32	ENTITLEMENT	IT ENTITLEMENT

FOR LOCATION PLAN SEE SHEET

PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT 1919, AND SECTION 7(3) OF TITLES ACT, 1973 IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE... Signatures, seals and statements of intention to create easements, restrictions on the use of land or postitive covenants. THE STRATA

RESTRICTION ON THE USE OF LAND.

POSITIVE COVENANT.

duly appointed Attorney under Power of Attorney Book 4418 No. 141 フィッセ そのS For Commonwealth Bank of Australia A.C.N. 123 123 124 by its Signed at >> 2005 arou ffe 1644 day of STEPHEN NICHS 多な影響

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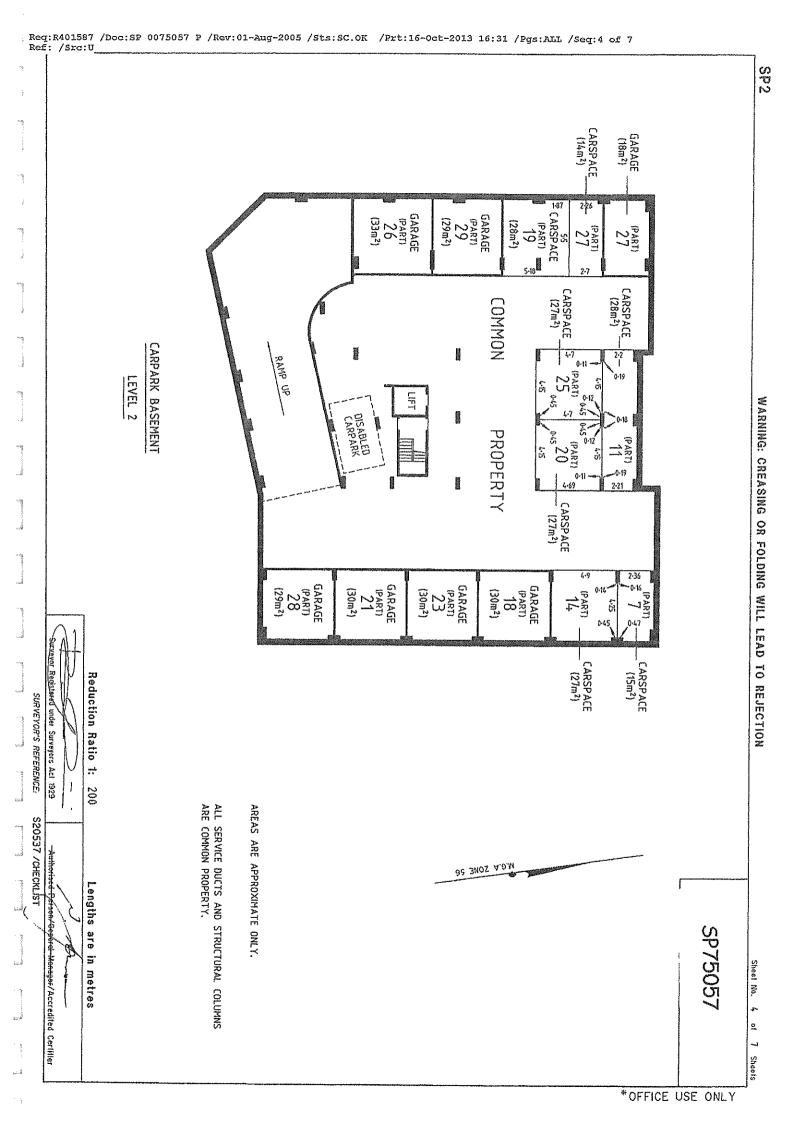
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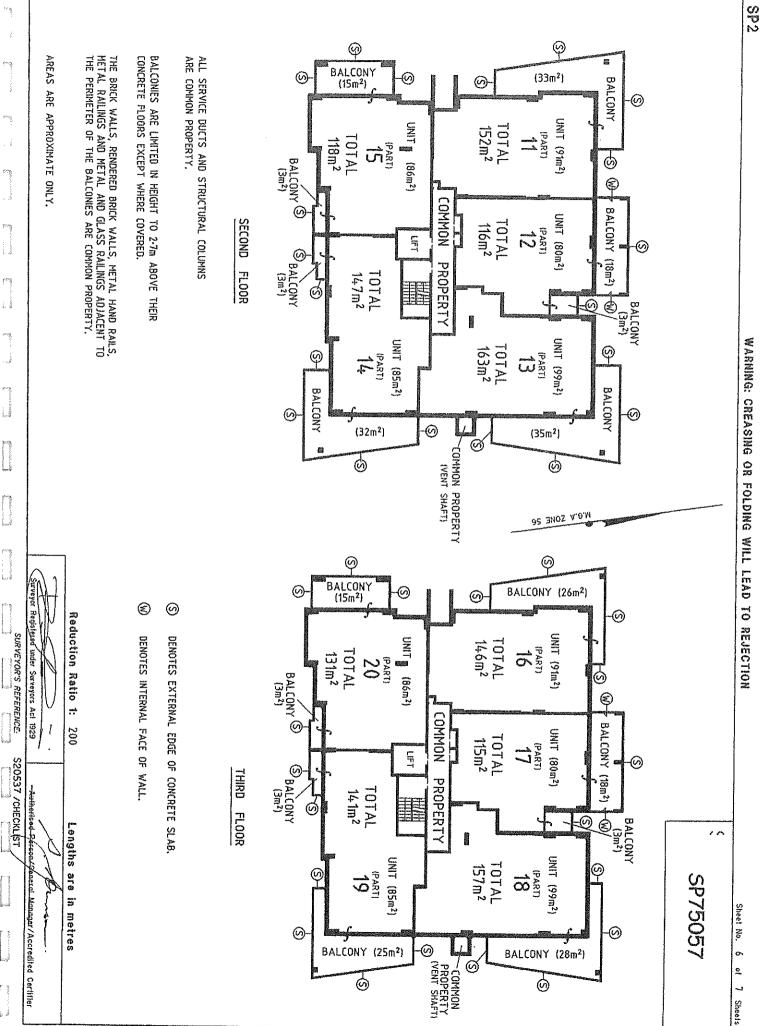
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THE AGGREGATE UNIT ENTITLEMENT IS 1000





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Form: 15CH Release: 2·1

CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wales

Strata Schemes Management Act : Real Property Act 1900



AN963130L

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RPAct) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

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(C)	The Owners-Stra	ta Plan No. 75	057 certify	that a special resol	ution was passed or	26/6/2018	
(D)	pursuant to the refollows—	quirements of	section 141 of the Strata				ere changed as
(E)	Repealed by-law						
	Added by-law No		l ByLaws No.2 & 3				
	Amended by-law		PLICABLE				
	as fully set out be	low:					
	Refer Annexu	re 'A' ati	ached hereto				
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(F)	A consolidated Note (E) is annex	list of by-lav	vs affecting the above marked as Annexure 'A'	mentioned strata	scheme and incorp	oorating the chang	e referred to at
G)			Plan No. 75057				presence of
	the following per		sed by section 273 Strata	a Schemes Manage	ment Act 2015 to a	ttest the affixing of	f the seal:
	Signature:	Voc V	6 soit_		STRAT		
	Name: Susa	n Stewart			5.5		
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ANNEXURE 'A' TO CONSOLIDATION/CHANGE OF BY-LAWS - SP75057

CONSOLIDATED BY-LAWS FOR STRATA PLAN No. 75057

The common seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No 75057 was affixed on 17th December, 2018 in the presence of

Common

Signature(s):

Names(s):

Susan Stewart

Authority:

STRATA MANAGER
AS DELEGATE OF
THE OWNERS CORPORATION

being the person(s) authorised by section 273 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest to the affixing of the seal.

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 - 4. Damage to lawns and plants on common property
 - 5. Damage to common property
 - 6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers
 - 7. Children playing on common property in building
 - 8. Behaviour of invitees
 - 9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property
 - 10. Drying of laundry items
 - 11. Cleaning windows and doors
 - 12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials
 - 13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property
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STRATA MANAGER
AS DELEGATE OF
THE OWNERS CORPORATION

Strata Scheme By-Laws Filed with the Strata Plan

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor of other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must
- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
- (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property, unless:

- a) the owners corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified part of the glass clean, or
- b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- 1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- 2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

- 1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.
- 2) An owners corporation may resolve that furniture or large objects are to be transported through or on the common property (whether in the building or not) in a specified manner.

3) If the owners corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture or large objects are to be transported, an owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property except in accordance with that resolution.

14 Floor coverings

- 1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- 2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

- 1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
- b) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally connected, and
- d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
- e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must ensure that before refuse, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

16 Keeping of animals

Option A

(1) Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except a fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19 Provision of amenities or services

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:
- (a) window cleaning,
- (b) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (c) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a Jot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

20 Exclusive Use - Hot Water Service and Air Conditioning Unit

The owner of any lot, ("Owner") in respect of which a Hot Water Service or Air Conditioning Unit, or any part thereof, including piping, ducting and fittings ("Relevant Unit") has been installed within part of the Common Property ("Relevant Part") will have exclusive use of the Relevant Part, sufficient to contain the Relevant Unit on the following conditions:

- a) The Owner will remain responsible for the repair, maintenance and replacement of the Relevant Unit and must ensure that it is kept well maintained by qualified persons
- b) In the case of a Hot Water Service, the Owner will be responsible for any damages arising from the issue of water therefrom, including, without limitation, any damages to the personal property of the owner of any other unit or to any part of the common property.
- c) The Relevant Part is used only for the installation of the HWS and for no other purpose.
- d) The Owner must allow access through the lot for which the Relevant Unit is provided, if necessary, for servicing, repair, maintenance and replacement of the Relevant Unit.

e) If any of the conditions imposed by this by-law are not complied with to the satisfaction of the Executive Committee, the Owners Corporation may, after written notice, arrange for the work to be done to ensure compliance and charge the cost as a debt against the lot and/or revoke the exclusive use granted.

21 Alarm System

No owner or occupier, without the approval of the Owners corporation, will install or permit any burglar or other alarm system to remain in a unit, which directly emits or causes any siren or acoustic alarm through any external device.

22 For Sale or For Lease signs

No owner or occupier with the exception of the original developers of the building, without the approval of the Owners corporation, will erect or permit to be erected, any "For Sale" or "For Lease" sign, visible from any public street, within the boundary of the allotment or on any part of the common property. Any sign erected contrary to this by-law may be removed by the Owners Corporation and the cost of removal, including any crane hire, will be at the owner's expense.

STRATA MANAGER
AS DELEGATE OF
THE OWNERS CORPORATION

Special By-Law No.1 - Balcony Enclosures (Lots 3 and 4) - Dealing AK525927

1. Introduction

- 1.1 This by-law authorises Works to be conducted on Common Property by each Owner.
- 1.2 This by-law further grants to each Owner exclusive use of so much of the Works as comprise part of the Common Property so that the Owner may use and enjoy the benefit of the Works on certain terms and conditions.
- 1.3 If there is any inconsistency between this by-law and any other by-law applicable to the Strata Scheme, then the provisions of this by-law will prevail to the extent of that inconsistency.

2. Definitions & Interpretation

2.1 In this by-law:

"Building" means the building to which the Works are attached.

"Common Property" means the common property for the Strata Scheme.

"Development Act" means the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973.

"Executive Committee" means the executive committee of the Owners Corporation.

"Lot" means lots 3 and 4 within the Strata Scheme.

"Management Act" means the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996.

"Owner" means the owner of a Lot and that owner's successors in title. Where relevant a reference to Owner will be to the Owner who carried out or intends to carry out particular Works or whose Lot is benefited by particular Works.

"Owners Corporation" means the owners corporation for the Strata Scheme.

"Strata Managing Agent" means a strata managing agent appointed to the Strata Scheme pursuant to the Management Act.

"Strata Plan" means the strata plan for the Strata Scheme.

"Strata Scheme" means the Strata Scheme in respect of which this by-law applies.

"Strata Legislation" means the Development Act and the Management Act.

"Works" means the enclosure of a Lot's balcony, by installing glass insert panels, mounted to the Common Property courtyard balustrade for the relevant Lot. The style and colour of the enclosure must be in keeping with that already erected on Lot 3's balustrade, and all external gas heaters must be replaced with electric heaters, and/or sufficient ventilation must be provided to comply with Liverpool City Council's requirements. Where relevant Works means the works carried out in respect of a particular Lot.

3.0 Authorisation and Right of Exclusive Use

3.1 Authorisation

3.1.1 Each Owner may and has a special privilege to conduct the Works on the Common Property subject to the terms of this by-law.

3.2 The Grant of Exclusive Use

3.2.1 Each Owner will have a right of exclusive use and enjoyment of so much of their Works as comprise part of the Common Property on the terms and conditions set out in this by-law.

3.3 Rights of the Owners Corporation

3.3.1 The right of exclusive use and enjoyment granted to each Owner is subject to the Owners Corporation being able to obtain access to and the use of any part of that Common Property required for the purposes of fulfilling any obligation which the Owners Corporation may have under the Strata Legislation or any other law.

4.0 Terms & Conditions

4.1 Before Commencement of the Works

- 4.1.1 Before commencing the Works each Owner must:
 - (a) give the Owners Corporation at least 14 days' written notice of commencement. If not already provided, the written notice must include the Owner's written consent to this by-law, in the form required by the Owners Corporation or its Strata Managing Agent;
 - (b) provide to the Owners Corporation evidence of approval by Liverpool City Council;
 - (c) obtain and provide to the Owners Corporation a copy of a certificate of insurance evidencing a contractors all risk insurance policy which is current for any tradesperson carrying out Works and which includes public liability cover of not less than \$10 million in respect of any claim.
- 4.1.2 If the Owner does not comply with the conditions set out in clause 4.1.1 the Owner must not carry out the Works and, if already commenced, the Works must be stopped immediately.
- 4.1.3 The Works must not be conducted until this by-law is registered.

4.2 During the Conduct of the Works

4.2.1 During the Works, an Owner must:

4.2.1.1 Standard of Workmanship

ensure the Works are carried out in a proper and workmanlike manner by appropriately qualified and licensed tradespersons utilising only first quality materials which are good and suitable for the purpose for which they are used,

4.2.1.2 Appearance of the Works

ensure the Works are carried out in a manner which is in keeping with the rest of the Strata Scheme (and in compatible colours), so that the appearance of the Works installed by different Owners is consistent,

4.2.1.3 Times for Renovations

ensure that the installation is only carried out between the hours of 8.00am – 4.30pm on Monday – Friday and is not performed on weekends or public holidays,

4.2.1.4 **Debris**

ensure that any debris is removed from the Common Property daily and strictly in accordance with the reasonable directions of the Owners Corporation,

4.2.1.5 Vehicles

ensure that no tradesperson's vehicles obstruct the Common Property other than on a temporary and non-recurring basis when delivering or removing materials or equipment and then only for such time as is reasonably necessary,

4.2.1.6 Storage of Building Materials on Common Property

make sure that no building materials are stored on Common Property,

4.2.1.7 Protection of the Common Property

- (i) if appropriate, protect all areas of the Common Property outside the Owner's Lot which are affected by the installation from damage, the entry of water or rain and from dirt, dust and debris relating to the installation of the Special Fixture and ensure that all Common Property, especially the walls, floors and carpets, is protected by covers and mats when transporting furniture, construction materials, equipment and debris through the Common Property,
- (ii) keep all areas of the Common Property affected by the installation of the Special Fixture structurally sound during the renovations,
- (iii) make sure that any holes or penetrations made during the installation of the Special Fixture are adequately sealed and waterproofed,
- (iv) not overload any lifts at the Building,
- (v) if any fire equipment needs to be deactivated or isolated during installation of the Works, re-commission that fire equipment and provide certification that the Building is again fire compliant,

4.2.1.8 Daily Cleaning

clean any part of the Common Property affected by the installation of the Special Fixture on a daily basis and keep the Common Property clean, neat and tidy during the installation,

4.2.1.9 Costs of Works

pay all costs associated with the Works,

4.2.1.10 Comply with All Laws

comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to the Works, and

4.2.1.11 Right of Access

give the Owners Corporation's nominated representative(s) access to inspect the Works within 48 hours of any requests from the Owners Corporation.

4.3 After the Conduct of the Works

4.3.1 After the Works are complete, each Owner must restore all Common Property damaged or affected by the Works as nearly as possible to the state which they were in immediately prior to commencement of the Works.

4.4 Enduring Obligations

Each Owner:

- 4.4.1 is responsible at all times for the proper maintenance of, and keeping in a state of good and serviceable repair, their Works and, when necessary, renewing or replacing any part of their Works,
- 4.4.2 must make good any damage to another Lot or the Common Property caused by the Works no matter when such damage may become evident, and
- 4.4.3 must comply with all statutes, by-laws, regulations, rules and other laws for the time being in force and which are applicable to the Works (for example, the conditions of the Local Council's approval for the Works).

4.5 Indemnity

Each Owner indemnifies and keeps indemnified the Owners Corporation against all actions, proceedings, claims, demands, costs, damages and expenses which may be incurred by or brought or made against the Owners Corporation arising out of the Works or the altered state or use of the Common Property arising therefrom.

4.6 Access

The Owners Corporation must give each Owner and the Owner's tradespersons reasonable access through the Common Property for the purpose of carrying out the Works and enabling each Owner to comply with any condition imposed by this bylaw.

5.0 Breach of this By-Law

- **5.1** If an Owner breaches any condition of this by-law and fails to rectify that breach within 30 days of service of a written notice from the Owners Corporation requiring rectification of that breach, then the Owners Corporation may:
- 5.1.1 rectify any such breach,
- **5.1.2** enter on any part of the Common Property or the Lot, by its agents, employees or contractors for the purpose of rectifying any such breach, and
- **5.1.3** recover as a debt due from that Owner the costs of the rectification together with the expenses of the Owners Corporation incurred in recovering those costs including legal costs on an indemnity basis.
- **5.2** Nothing in this clause restricts the rights of or the remedies available to the Owners Corporation as a consequence of a breach of this by-law.

STRATA MANAGER
AS DELEGATE OF
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Special By-law No. 2 - Minor Renovations - Applications by lot owners

- 1. In this By-law "Minor renovations" include (but are not limited to) work for the purposes of the following:
- 1.1. renovating a kitchen,
- 1.2. changing recessed light fittings,
- 1.3. installing or replacing wood or other hard floors,
- 1.4. installing or replacing wiring or cabling or power or access points,
- 1.5. work involving reconfiguring walls,
- 1.6. removing carpet or other soft floor coverings to expose underlying wooden or other hard floors,
- 1.7. installing a rainwater tank,
- 1.8. installing a clothesline
- 1.9. installing a reverse cycle split system air conditioner,
- 1.10. installing double or triple glazed windows,
- 1.11. installing a heat pump,
- 1.12. installing ceiling insulation, and
- 1.13. any other work added to this list by regulations or by-laws.
- 2. Minor renovations must not involve:
- 2.1. structural changes,
- 2.2. changes to the external appearance of a lot, or
- 2.3. waterproofing.
- 3. Minor renovations do not include:
- 3.1. work that involves structural changes,
- 3.2. work that changes the external appearance of a lot, including the installation of an external access ramp,
- 3.3. work involving waterproofing,
- 3.4. work for which consent or another approval is required under any other Act, and
- 3.5. work that is authorised by a by-law or a common property rights by-law.
- **4.** Before any building work is started by an owner, the owner of a lot must give written notice (eg, complete an application form) in the form provided by the Owners Corporation, of the proposed minor renovations/building work, such application to include the following:
- 4.1. details of the work, including copies of any plans,
- 4.2. duration and times of the work.
- 4.3. details of the persons carrying out the work, including qualifications, license and insurances to carry out the work, and
- 4.4. arrangements to manage any resulting rubbish or debris.

STRATA MANAGER
AS DELEGATE OF
THE OWNERS CORPORATION

Common

- 5. An owner of a lot must ensure that:
- 5.1. any damage caused to any part of the common property by the carrying out of minor renovations by or on behalf of the owner is repaired, and
- 5.2. the minor renovations and any repairs are carried out in a competent and proper manner.
- **6.** The Owners Corporation by this By-law has delegated its responsibility to review and assess any application for renovations and alterations, including minor works.
- 7. This means the Strata Committee has the authority to decide an application for consent for minor renovations. Such authority extends to requesting further information from the Lot Owner to consider the application and ultimately accepting or refusing an application.
- **8.** The Strata Committee will not unreasonably withhold its consent to such applications but applications will only be approved with conditions.
- **9.** If an application is approved by the Strata Committee, then the Strata Committee will also issue a tax invoice payable by the lot owner. Payment of which is a condition of the approval.
- 10. The Lot Owner shall:
- 10.1. pay to the Owners Corporation any costs (including legal, expert or administrative out of pocket expenses incurred by the Strata Committee in reviewing, considering, requesting further information, approving or refusing the application);
- 10.2. be responsible for the performance of the duties of the Owners Corporation pursuant to section 144 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 with respect to the repair, maintenance and insurance relevant to the minor renovations carried out and installed to the Lot; and
- 10.3. at its own expense, be responsible for the repair, maintenance and upkeep of the minor renovations to the Lots.
- **11.** If the Lot Owner fails to comply with any obligation under this By-law, then the Owners Corporation may:
- 11.1. request, in writing, that the Owner complies with the conditions of the approval;
- 11.2. by its agents, employees and contractors, enter upon the Lot and carry out all work necessary to perform the obligation;
- 11.3. recover the costs of such work from the Owner as a debt due; and
- 11.4. such costs, if not paid at the end of one (1) month after becoming due and payable shall bear, until paid, interest at the annual rate of ten (10) percent.

The Owners Corporation may recover as a debt any costs not paid at the end of one (1) month after they become due and payable, together with any interest payable and the expenses of the Owners Corporation incurred in recovering those amounts.

The common seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No 75057 was affixed on 17th December, 2018 in the presence of

Common Seal

Signature(s):

Names(s):

Susan Stewart

Authority:

STRATA MANAGER
AS DELEGATE OF

motowat

THE OWNERS CORPORATION

being the person(s) authorised by section 273 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest to the affixing of the seal.

Special By-Law No. 3 - Recovery of Expenses by Owners Corporation

- 1. Where it is necessary, at the discretion of the Owners Corporation, to seek to recover from an owner any money that is owed by that owner to the Owners Corporation whether under section 120 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, or as amended, or the Bylaws (and also including arrears of levies), then the Owners Corporation shall be entitled to recover such amount spent, together with any amount expended by way of legal costs and outlays (including solicitor and own client costs) including the costs of investigation and of service of process, as a debt in any court of competent jurisdiction from such owner.
- 2. Where the Owners Corporation spends money to repair damage caused by a breach of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, or as amended, or a breach of the By-laws by any owner, mortgagee or covenant chargee in possession, tenant or occupier, then the Owners Corporation is entitled to recover the amount spent, together with any amount expended by way of legal costs and outlays (including solicitor and own client costs) including the costs of investigation and of service of process, as a debt in any court of competent jurisdiction from such owner.
- 3. Some examples of the type of "expenses" which are recoverable by the Owners Corporation pursuant to this By-law are:
- 3.1. If an owner of a lot fails to carry out work that is required to be carried out under a notice given to the owner by a public authority (eg, show cause notice from council or a NSW fire compliance notice), then the Owners Corporation may carry out the work and recover the expenses as a debt; and
- 3.2. If an owner (or the occupier of the lot) damages a window safety device installed within the lot or common property, then the Owners Corporation will spend money to arrange the repair and repair the damage (or replace the window safety device), and such expense (including legal and administrative costs) will be recovered by the Owners Corporation as a debt.
- 3.3. If an owner has agreed for the Owners Corporation to organise the engagement of a contractor to install the Window Safety Devices in his or her lot and fails to provide access to his or her lot which results in the Owners Corporation incurring fees from the contractor engaged to install the Window Safety Devices.
- **4.** The entitlement of the Owners Corporation to recover its expenses are not limited to the examples in this By-law and such entitlement includes any damage caused to common property by an owner, mortgagee or covenant chargee in possession, tenant or occupier.

The common seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No 75057 was affixed on 17th December, 2018 in the presence of

Signature(s):

Names(s):

Susan Stewart

Authority:

STRATA MANAGER
AS DELEGATE OF
THE OWNERS CORPORATION

Seel &

being the person(s) authorised by section 273 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest to the affixing of the seal.



Ref.: 250449:182175 **Cert. No.**: 1706

Ppty: 167282

Applicant:Receipt No.:6467782ALBERT A MACRI & COReceipt Amt.:70.00SUITE 3, 3-5 NORFOLK STDate:05-Sep-2025

LIVERPOOL NSW 2170

The information in this certificate is provided pursuant to Section 10.7(2)&(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (EP&A Act) 1979, as prescribed by Schedule 2 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation (EP&A Regulation) 2021. The information has been extracted from Council's records, as they existed at the date listed on the certificate. Please note that the accuracy of the information contained within the certificate may change after the date of this certificate due to changes in Legislation, planning controls or the environment of the land.

The information in this certificate is applicable to the land described below.

Legal Description: LOT 17 SP 75057

Street Address: 17/ 8-10 BROWNE PARADE, WARWICK FARM NSW 2170

Note: Items marked with an asterisk (*) may be reliant upon information transmitted to Council by a third party public authority. The accuracy of this information cannot be verified by Council and may be out-of-date. If such information is vital for the proposed land use or development, applicants should instead verify the information with the appropriate authority.

Note: Commonly Used Abbreviations: LEP: Local Environmental Plan DCP: Development Control Plan

SEPP: State Environmental Planning Policy EPI: Environmental Planning Instrument





1. Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

(1) The name of each EPI that applies to the carrying out of development on the land is/are listed below:

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LEPs:

Liverpool LEP 2008

SEPPs*:

State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022

DCPs:

Liverpool DCP 2008

(2) The name of each draft EPI, or Planning Proposal (which has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act).

Draft LEPs:

N/A

Draft SEPPs*:

N/A

Draft DCPs:

N/A

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs and /or SEPPs

This section contains information required under subclauses 2 of Schedule 2 of the EP&A Regulation 2021. Subclause 2 of the regulation requires Council to provide information with respect to zoning and land-use in areas zoned by, or proposed to be zoned by, an environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument.





Employment zones reform commenced on 26 April 2023 which replaced previous Business zones (B) and Industrial zones (IN) with Employment zones (E) and updated the land use tables. Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Amendment (Land Use Zones) Order 2022, contains a 2-year savings provision as follows:

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Development that is permitted with development consent on land in a former Business (B) or Industrial (IN) zone under a local environmental plan, as in force immediately before 26 April 2023, continues to be permitted with development consent on the land until 26 April 2025.

The land use and zoning information under any EPI applying to the land is given below.

(a) Name of zone, and the EPI from which the land zoning information is derived.

R4 High Density Residential - Liverpool LEP 2008

(b)(i) The purposes for which development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent

Home-based child care; Home occupations

(b)(ii) The purposes for which development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Child care centres; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Kiosks; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Public administration buildings; Recreation areas; Residential care facilities; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Serviced apartments; Shop top housing

(b)(iii) The purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone

Any development not specified in item (b)(i) or (b)(ii)

(c) Additional permitted uses apply to the land:

Nil

(d) If a dwelling house is a permitted use, are there any principal development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house?

No

(e) Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?





No

(f) Is the land in a conservation area (however described):

No

(g) Is there an item of environmental heritage (however described) situated on the land:

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No

3. Contribution Plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans:

Liverpool Contributions Plan 2018 - Liverpool City Centre

(2) If the land is in a region within the meaning of the Act, Division 7.1, Subdivision 4, the name of the region and the Ministerial planning order in which the region is identified:

Greater Sydney Region - Environmental Planning and Assessment (Housing and Productivity Contribution) Order 2023

(3) If the land is in a special contributions area to which a continued 7.23 determination applies, the name of the area:

Not Applicable

(4) In this section—

continued 7.23 determination means a 7.23 determination that—

- (a) has been continued in force by the Act, Schedule 4, Part 1, and
- (b) has not been repealed as provided by that part.

Note— The Act, Schedule 4, Part 1 contains other definitions that affect the interpretation of this section.

4. Complying development

The information below outlines whether complying development is permitted on the land as per the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1) (c3) and 1.19 SEPP of the (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 only. The table does not specify whether any code applies to the land; applicants should read the full extent of the code with their building certifier, solicitor, or other professional to determine whether any code applies to the land.

The first column identifies the code(s). The second column describes the extent of the land in which complying development is permitted, as per the clauses above, for the code(s) given to the immediate left. The third column indicates the reason as to why complying development is





prohibited on some or all of the land and will be blank if such development is permitted on all of the land.

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Code	Extent of the land for which development is permitted:	The reason(s) as to why development is prohibited:
Housing Code, Rural Housing Code, Greenfield Housing Code, Low Rise Housing Diversity Code (for purposes other than dual occupancies), Pattern Book Development Code (for purposes other than dual occupancies), Inland Code	All	
Industrial and Business Buildings Code	All	
General Development Code, Container Recycling Facilities Code, Fire Safety Code, Housing Alterations Code, Industrial and Business Alterations Code, Subdivisions Code, and Demolition Code	All	
Low Rise Housing Diversity Code (for purposes of dual occupancies), Pattern Book Development Code (for purposes of dual occupancies)	All	

Note: Despite information in the table above, complying development codes do not apply or are modified in areas subject to land-use zoning under State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021, Chapter 4 Western Sydney Aerotropolis.

Note: If council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement below will describe that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.





Nil

5. Exempt development

The information below outlines whether exempt development is permitted on the land as per the provisions of clauses 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A SEPP of the (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 only. The table does not specify whether any code applies to the land; applicants should read the full extent of the code with their building certifier, solicitor, or other professional to determine whether any code applies to the land.

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The first column identifies the code(s). The second column describes the extent of the land in which exempt development is permitted, as per the clauses above, for the code(s) given to the immediate left. The third column indicates the reason as to why exempt development is prohibited on some or all of the land and will be blank if such development is permitted on all of the land.

Code	Extent of the land for which	The reason(s) as to why
	development is permitted:	development is prohibited:
General Exempt Development	All	
Code, Advertising and Signage		
Exempt Development Code,		
Temporary Uses and		
Structures Exempt		
Development Code		

Note: Despite information in the table above, certain Exempt Codes do not apply or are modified in areas subject to land-use zoning under the SEPP (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021, Chapter 4 Western Sydney Aerotropolis.

Note: If council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement below will describe that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Nil

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders*

Is there any affected building notice (as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017) of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land?

No





Is there any building product rectification order (as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017) of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with?

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No

Is there any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order (as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017) of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding?

No

7. Land reserved for acquisition

Does a LEP, draft LEP, SEPP or draft SEPP identify the acquisition of the land, or part of the land, by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act?

No

8. Road widening and road realignment

Is the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993?*

No

(b) An EPI?

No

(c) A resolution of the council?

No

9. Flood related development controls

(1) Is the land, or part of the land, within the flood planning area and subject to flood-related development controls?

No, the land is outside of flood planning area and NOT subject to flood related development controls for industrial/commercial and residential premises.

For details of these controls, please refer to the flooding section of the relevant DCP(s) as specified in Section 1(1) of this certificate.





(2) Is the land, or part of the land, between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood (outside the flood planning area, but within the extent of the probable maximum flood), and subject to flood related development controls?

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Page No.: 8 of 13

No, the land is outside the extent of the probable maximum flood and NOT subject to flood related development controls only if the land is also outside of flood planning area.

For details of these controls, please refer to the flooding section of the relevant DCP(s) as specified in Section 1(1) of this certificate.

Note:

Flooding certificate will be provided as an annexure to Section 10.7(5) certificate only if the land, or part of the land, is within the flood planning area.

Flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual. It is generally the 1% annual exceedance probability plus a 0.5m freeboard or as outlined in relevant DCP.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 978-1-923076-17-4) published by the NSW Government in June 2023.

Probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

The following table lists hazard/risk policies that have been adopted by Council (or prepared by another public authority and subsequently adopted by Council). The right-most column indicates whether the land is subject to any controls from those policies, but it does not confirm if that hazard/risk is present on the land.

Hazard/Risk	Adopted Policy	Is the land is subject to development controls under that policy?
Bushfire hazard	Liverpool DCP 2008	No
	Liverpool Growth Centre Precincts DCP*	No
	Edmondson Park South DCP 2012	No
	Western Sydney Aerotropolis DCP 2022	No
	Planning for Bushfire Protection (Rural Fire Services, 2025)*	No
	Pleasure Point Bushfire Management	No
	Plan	
Tidal inundation	Nil	No
Subsidence	Nil	No





PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7 Cert. No.: 1706 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979 Page No.: 9 of 13

Hazard/Risk	Adopted Policy	Is the land is subject to development controls under that policy?	
Acid Sulphate Soils	Liverpool LEP 2008	No	
	Liverpool DCP 2008	No	
Potentially Contaminated Land	Liverpool DCP 2008	Yes , see section 10 of Part 1 of the Liverpool DCP 2008	
	Liverpool Growth Centre Precincts DCP*	No	
Potentially Saline Soils	Liverpool DCP 2008	Yes	
	Liverpool Growth Centre Precincts DCP*	No	
	Western Sydney Aerotropolis DCP 2022	No	

Note: Land for which a policy applies does not confirm that the land is affected by that hazard/risk. For example, all land for which the Liverpool DCP applies is subject to controls relating to contaminated land, as this policy contains triggers and procedures for identifying potential contamination. Applicants are encouraged to review the relevant policy, and other sections of this certificate, to determine what effect, if any, the policy may have on the land. Any information regarding contamination as Council is aware of, if any, can be found in Clause 24 of the Section 10.7(2) certificate and Clause 4 of the Section 10.7(5) certificate.

11. Bushfire prone land

Is the land or part of the land, bushfire prone land as defined by the EP&A Act 1979?

No

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation *

Is a dwelling on the land listed on the register (maintained by the NSW Department of Fair Trading) as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation?

No

Note: despite any listing on the register, any buildings constructed before 1980 may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation or other asbestos products.

13. Mine subsidence*

Is the land a proclaimed to mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017?

No





14. Paper subdivision information*

Does any development plan adopted by a relevant authority (or proposed plan subject to a consent ballot) apply to the land? If so the date of the subdivision order that applies to the land.

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No

15. Property vegetation plans*

Is Council aware of the land being subject to a Property Vegetation Plan under the Native Vegetation Act 2003?

No, Liverpool is excluded from the operation of the Native Vegetation Act 2003

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites*

Is the land subject to a Biodiversity stewardship site under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, as notified to Council by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage?

No

17. Biodiversity certified land*

Is the land, or part of the land, biodiversity certified land (within the meaning of Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016)?

No

For information about what biodiversity certification means if your property is "Yes, certified" or "Yes, non-certified", please visit: https://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/topics/animals-and-plants/biodiversity/biodiversity-certification

18. Orders under Trees (Disputes between Neighbours) Act 2006*

Does an order, made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 in relation to carrying out of work in relation to a tree on the land, apply?

No, Council has not been notified of an order

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works*

Has the owner (or any previous owner) of the land consented, in writing, that the land is subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection





services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act)?

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No

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

As per the SEPP (Precincts - Western Parkland City) 2021, Chapter 4 Western Sydney Aerotropolis, is the land:

(a) Subject to an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater?

No

(b1) Affected by the 6km Lighting Intensity Area, or Light Control Zone?

No

(b2) Affected by the Windshear Assessment Trigger Area?

No

(c) Affected by the Obstacle Limitation Surface Area?

No

(d) Affected by the Public Safety Area on the Public Safety Area Map?

No

(e1) Within the 3km zone of the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map?

Nο

(e2) Within the 13km zone of the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map?

No

Note: the table above only specifies whether the land is impacted by planning controls related to the Western Sydney Airport. Planning controls also relate to the Bankstown Airport, and are not reflected in this table.

21. Development consent conditions for seniors housing*

Are there any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in section 88(2) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021?

No





PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979

22. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing*

(1) Is there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land?

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No

(2) Are there any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in section 21(1) or 40(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021?

No

(3) Are there any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in section 17 (1) or 38(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009?

No

Note: former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

23. Water or sewerage services provided under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006*

Some land may have services provided by private entities under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006 (WIC Act 2006); any outstanding fees or charges owed to these service providers becomes the responsibility of the new owner(s) of the land.

The Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART) provides information about the areas serviced, or to be serviced, via a register on their website. A statement below indicates whether the land is, or is to be, subject to an alternative servicing arrangement under the WIC Act 2006 as per that register:

No, this land is not subject to an alternative servicing arrangement under the WIC Act 2006

Note: This section does not contain information relating to whether the land is, or is not, connected to Sydney Water's network for the supply of either drinking water or sewage disposal services. For further information about whether your land is connected to Sydney Water's network, we recommend that you contact Sydney Water.

24. Special entertainment precincts

Is the land or part of the land in a special entertainment precinct within the meaning of the Local Government Act 1993, section 202B?





PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979

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No

25. Contaminated land

Is the land:

(a) Significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?

No

(b) Subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?

No

(c) Subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?

No

(d) Subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?

No

(e) Subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act? *

No

Note: in this clause 'the Act' refers to the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. This section only checks items under section 59(2)(a)–(e) of the Act and may not include all available contamination information for the site. A section 10.7(5) certificate may provide further information.

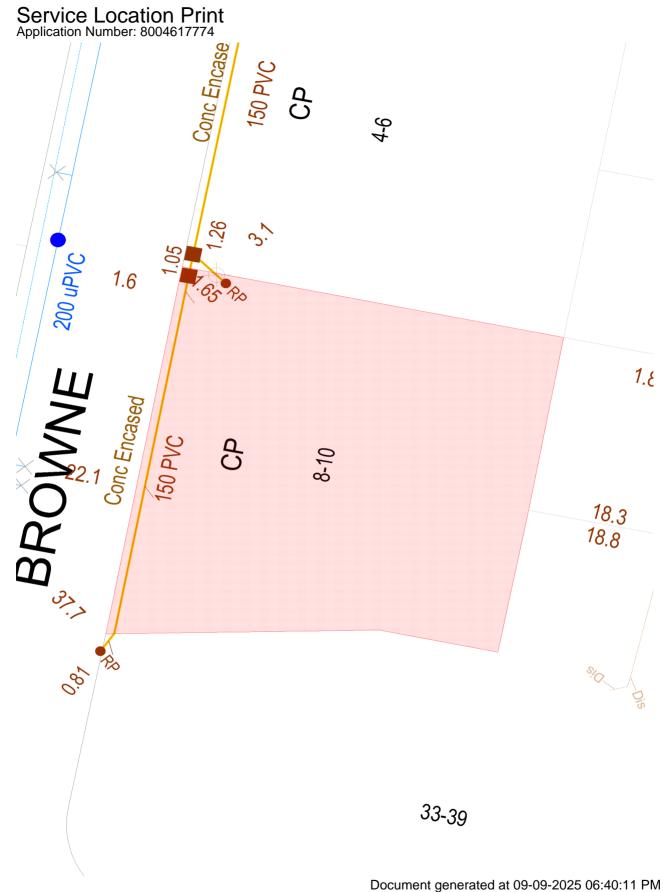
For further information, please contact CALL CENTRE – 1300 36 2170

Jason Bredon Chief Executive Officer Liverpool City Council

Jasober









Asset Information

Legend





Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
vc	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron
ws	Woodstave		

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

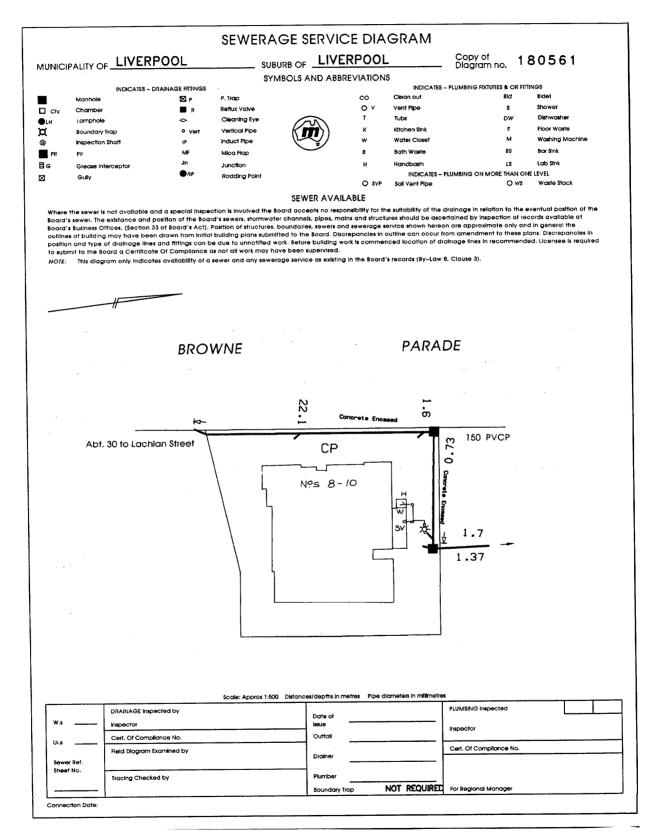
For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)



Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8004619832



Document generated at 10-09-2025 01:10:06 PM



MR JOSIP SAMARDZIC C/- SIMONE MRDJEN SUITE 3/3-5 NORFOLK STREET LIVERPOOL NSW 2170 Our reference: 7162660953970

Phone: 13 28 66

5 September 2025

Your foreign resident capital gains withholding clearance certificate

- > Purchasers are not required to withhold and pay an amount
- > Provide a copy to the purchaser and retain a copy for your records

Hello JOSIP,

We have decided that purchasers are not required to withhold and pay an amount. Your certificate is below:

Notice number	2411130437503
Vendor name	JOSIP SAMARDZIC
Clearance Certificate Period	5 September 2025 to 5 September 2026

The Commissioner may withdraw this clearance certificate at any time if we obtain further information indicating you are a foreign resident.

Yours sincerely,

Emma Rosenzweig

Deputy Commissioner of Taxation

Need help?

Learn more about foreign resident capital gains withholding at ato.gov.au/FRCGW

Contact us

In Australia? Phone us on 13 28 66

If you're calling from overseas, phone +61 2 6216 1111 and ask for 13 28 66 between 8:00am and 5:00pm Australian Eastern Standard time, Monday to Friday.



Enquiry ID
Agent ID
Issue Date
Correspondence ID
Your reference

4404640 81429403 09 Sep 2025 1816314965 Albert A Macri and Compan

INFOTRACK PTY LIMITED GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001

Land Tax Certificate under section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act, 1956.

Property Tax status Certificate under section 49 of the Property Tax (First Home Buyer Choice) Act, 2022.

This information is based on data held by Revenue NSW.

Land ID Land address Taxable land value Property Tax Status

\$75057/17 Unit 17, 8-10 BROWNE PDE WARWICK \$109 333 Not Opted In

FARM 2170

There is no land tax (including surcharge land tax) charged on the land up to and including the 2025 tax year.

If the property is opted in, the owner of the land will need to arrange for the charge to be removed. Please call us on 1300 135 195.

Yours sincerely,

Phil Minns

Chief Commissioner of State Revenue

Important information

Who is protected by a clearance certificate?

A clearance certificate states whether there is any land tax (including surcharge land tax) owing on a property. The certificate protects a purchaser from outstanding land tax liability by a previous owner, however it does not provide protection to the owner of the land.

When is a certificate clear from land tax?

A certificate may be issued as 'clear' if:

- the land is not liable or is exempt from land tax
- the land tax has been paid
- Revenue NSW is satisfied payment of the tax is not at risk, or
- the owner of the land failed to lodge a land tax return when it was due, and the liability was not detected at the time the certificate was issued.

Note: A clear certificate does not mean that land tax was not payable, or that there is no land tax adjustment to be made on settlement if the contract for sale allows for it.

When is a certificate not clear from land tax?

Under section 47 of the *Land Tax Management Act 1956*, land tax is a charge on land owned in NSW at midnight on 31 December of each year. The charge applies from the taxing date and does not depend on the issue of a land tax assessment notice. Land tax is an annual tax so a new charge may occur on the taxing date each year.

How do I clear a certificate?

A charge is removed for this property when the outstanding land tax amount is processed and paid in full. Payment can be made during settlement via an accepted Electronic Lodgement Network or at an approved settlement room.

To determine the land tax amount payable, you must use one of the following approved supporting documents:

- Current year land tax assessment notice. This can only be used if the settlement date is no later than the first instalment date listed on the notice. If payment is made after this date interest may apply.
- Clearance quote or settlement letter which shows the amount to clear.

The charge on the land will be considered removed upon payment of the amount shown on these documents

How do I get an updated certificate?

A certificate can be updated by re-processing the certificate through your Client Service Provider (CSP), or online at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au/taxes/land/clearance.

Please allow sufficient time for any payment to be processed prior to requesting a new version of the clearance certificate.

Land value, tax rates and thresholds

The taxable land value shown on the clearance certificate is the value used by Revenue NSW when assessing land tax. Details on land tax rates and thresholds are available at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au.

Contact details



Read more about Land Tax and use our online servce at www.revenue.nsw.gov.au



1300 139 816*



Phone enquiries 8:30 am - 5:00 pm, Mon. to Fri.

Overseas customers call +61 2 7808 6906
 Help in community languages is available.

Standard Form

Residential Tenancy Agreement



at Suite 2/45-47 Scott Street, Liverpool NSW 2170

Important information Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the Agreement). 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms and conditions carefully. 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement. 3 If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments. 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication. at Liverpool THIS AGREEMENT is made on 05/06/2024 **BETWEEN** Landlord [Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New South Wales, specify the State, Territory or, if not in Australia, country in which the landlord ordinarily resides.] Name(s): Josip Samardzic Address (Residential or Business): c/- Suite 2/45-47 Scott Street, Liverpool NSW 2170 Phone: These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent. Note. [Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a corporation] These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent. No Does the landlord reside interstate/overseas at the time of entering the agreement: If the landlord does not reside in NSW, please enter the State, Territory, or Country (if not Australia) in the Landlord(s) Address above (Further information on your rights when contracting with an interstate landlord can be obtained by contacting NSW Fair Trading) Tenant [Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details] Name(s): Address for service of notices: Unit 17/8-10 Browne Parade, Warwick Farm NSW 2170 Phone: Email: Landlord's agent details [Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details] Elders Real Estate Liverpool Name: 2170 Liverpool Address: Suite 2/45-47 Scott St 02 9601 5999 Fax:02 9600 7512 Phone: Email: mail@eldersliverpool.com.au Tenant's agent details [Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details] Name: Address: Fax: Phone: Email: Term of agreement 3 Years [.] 12 months] 2 Years 16 months The term of this agreement is:] Periodic (no end date)] 4 Years] 5 Years] Other (please specify): (cross out if not applicable) and ending on 04/06/2025 starting on 05/06/2024 For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form Note. approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900. **Residential premises** The residential premises are [Insert address] Unit 17/8-10 Browne Parade, Warwick Farm NSW 2170 The residential premises include: [Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.] 1x allocated car spot Rent payable in advance starting on 05/06/2024 per Week The rent is \$ 490.00

(a) to Elders Real Estate Liverpool by cash or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), or

The method by which the rent must be paid:

Rental increase to \$510 per week starting on the 7th August 2024

BSB number: 332-084 Account number: 551036675	er account nominated by Account name: Payment reference:	Elders Real Estate	e Liverpool	, (
(c) As follows: At St. George Bank Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must perm	it the tenant to pay the rest b	y at least one more	faubiah bha baasa da	
than bank fees or other account fees usually paya	ole for the tenant's transaction	ns) (see clause 4.1) a	for which the tenant does nd that is reasonably ava	s not incur a cost (other ilable to the tenant.
Rental bond (Cross out if there is not A rental bond of \$ T669614-7 the rental bond must not be more than 4 The tenant provided the rental bond amout [] the landlord or another person, or [] NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bord	must be paid by the weeks rent. unt to:	e tenant on signin the landlord's ager	g this agreement. Th	e amount of
IMPORTANT INFORMATION	lus Offinie.			Automotive and a
Maximum number of occupants				
No more than Three (3)	persons may ord	inarily live in the p	premises at any one t	time.
Urgent repairs				
Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs Electrical repairs: Your Local Sparky.Co			Telephone:	0404 040 169
Plumbing repairs: Nardi Plumbing			Telephone:	0452 589 292
Other repairs: Xtreme Locksmiths			Telephone:	0404 804 444
Water usage				
Will the tenant be required to pay separat	ely for water usage?	No	If yes, see clauses	12 and 13.
Utilities				
Is electricity supplied to the premises from		1	Yes	
Is gas supplied to the premises from an element of the premises from all the premises from the premise from		.m. an omboddod not	Yes	
Smoke Alarms	carcity or gas is supplied in	in an embedded net	WOLK COLLECT NOW Fall	traulity.
[] Hardwired smoke alarm If the smoke alarms are battery operated, can replace? If yes, specify the type of battery that nee	are the batteries in the		kind the tenant	Yes blaced:
If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are th tenant can replace?	e back-up batteries in the	e smoke alarms of	a kind the	No
If yes, specify the type of back-up battery replaced:	that needs to be used if	the back-up batte	ry in the smoke alarr	n needs to be
If the Strata Schemes Management Act 20 corporation of the strata scheme responsit residential premises?	15 applies to the resider ble for the repair and rep	ntial premises, is t lacement of smok	he owners e alarms in the	No
Strata by-laws				
Are there any strata or community scheme	by-laws applicable to the	ne residential prem	nises?	Yes
If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.				
Giving notices and other documents e Indicate below for each person whether th section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Ad	e person provides expres et 2010 being given or se	ss consent to any erved on them by electronically.	notice and any other email. The Electronic	Transactions Act
2000 applies to notices and other documer [You should only consent to electronic service it tenants should agree on a single email address at the same time.] Landlord Does the landlord give express consent to If yes, see clause 50. [Specify email addres	you check your emails regulator for electronic service. This the the electronic service of	will help ensure co-to notices and docur	enants receive notices a	and other documents Yes
2000 applies to notices and other documer [You should only consent to electronic service it tenants should agree on a single email address at the same time.] Landlord Does the landlord give express consent to	tyou check your emails register electronic service. This is the electronic service of ss to be used for the pure electronic service of ne electronic service of ne	will help ensure co-to notices and docur rpose of serving no otices and docume	enants receive notices a nents? otices and documents ents?	Yes Yes

this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.



RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

 The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

- 2. The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when, the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
- 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

- 3. The tenant agrees:
- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.
- 7. The landlord and the tenant agree:
- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal(NCAT).

RENT REDUCTIONS

- The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:
- 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

- 10. The landlord agrees to pay:
- 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- **10.6** all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises; and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.
- 11. The tenant agrees to pay:
- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises; and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.
 - Note: Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies
 Act 2010
- 12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
- 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and



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than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and

12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:

- 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
- 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.
- 13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

5. The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- **16.5** not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.
- 18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
- 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- **18.3** to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and
- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- **18.6** to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if

the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

9. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
- **Note 1.** Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:
 - (a) are structurally sound, and
 - (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
 - (c) have adequate ventilation, and
 - (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
 - (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
 - (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
 - (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.
- **Note 2.** Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:
 - (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
 - (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
 - (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
 - (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise
- **19.2** to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

- 20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
- 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- **20.5** the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.
 - **Note.** The type of repairs that are *urgent repairs* are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:
 - (a) a burst water service,
 - (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
 - (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,

- (e) a gas leak,
- a dangerous electrical fault. (f)
- flooding or serious flood damage, (g)
- serious storm or fire damage, (h)
- a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to (i)
- a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the (j) residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or
- any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or (k) insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- 23. The landlord and tenant agree:
- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

- The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
- in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal(NCAT) so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement).
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this
- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
- must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry 26. out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a

right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE **PREMISES**

30. The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture,
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair
- The landlord agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

The landlord agrees:

- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given 34. to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

- The landlord and tenant agree that:
- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and



- do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than Is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

36. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Tick here [] and cross out clause if not applicable]

- 38. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015,
- 39. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Tick here [] and cross out clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41. The landlord agrees where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with: tenancy agreement.
- 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2 copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim and
- **41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

- 42. The landlord agrees to:
- 42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- **42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5 engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and

- **42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- **42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

- 43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Tick here [✓] and cross out clause if there is no swimming pool]

- 45. The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the <u>Swimming Pools Act 1992</u> have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.
- 46. The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:
- 46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the <u>Swimming Pools Act 1992</u> and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and
- 46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.

This <u>clause</u> does not apply to a residential tenancy agreement entered into before 29 April 2016.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

- 47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

- **48.** The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:
- 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate

Docusign Envelope ID. 40090ZEF-3199-41/E-0AU0-/BZF01A3399D external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

- The landlord and the tenant agree:
- to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of 50.4 notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

- The tenant agrees that if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:
- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired.
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has
- 51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and
- they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the (b) Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.

ADDITIONAL TERM — PETS

[Tick here [✓] and cross out clause if not applicable]

- The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc]:
- 54. The tenant agrees:
- 54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and
- 54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and
- 54.4 to comply with any council requirements
- The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS AND **BY-LAWS**

- The tenant agrees to comply with the by-laws and or management statements that apply to the premises.
- Premises to which the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986, the Community Land Development Act 2021 does not apply, such as flats, the tenant agrees to observe and comply with the special conditions that have been adopted where relevant from the Model By-Laws contained in the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016, Schedule 2 and 3 and are set out in Schedule 1 and 2 of this agreement. For the words written therein "owner or occupier" insert instead the words "the tenant", for "owners' corporation", insert instead "landlord", for "lot" insert instead "premises or flat", "the Act" insert instead the words "Strata Schemes Management Act 2015" and for "strata scheme" insert instead "the block".

ADDITIONAL TERM - HEALTH ISSUES

- The tenant agrees to:
- 57.1 control mould, mildew and dampness by adopting a regular cleaning routine, ensure adequate ventilation, operate exhaust fans where fitted and lifestyle practices that reduce the accumulation of condensation, and
- 57.2 keep the premises clear of any pests and vermin, and
- 57.3 advise the landlord/landlord's agent promptly of any signs of dampness, pests or vermin.

ADDITIONAL TERM - NO SET OFF

The tenant shall not deduct any money from rent or cease to pay rent as a set off against any rental bond without the approval of the landlord or the landlord's agent.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PROCEDURE ON TERMINATION

- The tenant shall upon termination of this agreement:
- vacate the premises peaceably and return all keys and or opening devices. If the tenant fails to do so, the tenant shall be liable to pay an occupation fee (equivalent to the rent payable) until the keys and/or opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent and or compensate the landlord for changing the locks or other opening devices to reasonably secure the premises. The landlord may seek an order from the Civil and Administrative Tribunal to recover the occupation fee and/or compensation from the tenant, and
- 59.2 provide a forwarding address to the landlord.

ADDITIONAL TERM - COMMUNICATION AND MEDIA FACILITIES

The Landlord makes no warranty as to the availability or adequacy of any line or service for the telephone or internet; and digital, cable or analogue television and the tenant leases the property relying on his or her own enquiries.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CARE OF SWIMMING POOL

- If there is a swimming pool located on the premises, the tenant must:
- 61.1 keep the swimming pool clean and regularly sweep up any leaves or other debris which have fallen into the swimming pool;
- regularly clean the sides of the swimming pool to minimise build-up of slime and other residue;
- 61.3 regularly clean the pool filters and empty out the leaf baskets;
- maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water to a standard set by the landlord (acting reasonably) by testing the pool water monthly and treating, at the tenant's cost, the pool with the necessary chemicals, if required:
- 61.5 maintain the water level above the filter inlet at all times;
- promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of any issues with 61.6 the pool or pool equipment;
- ensure that all doors and gates providing access to the swimming pool are kept securely closed at all times when they are not in actual use:
- 61.8 not leave any items near the swimming pool or the safety door/gate which would allow a child to gain access to the swimming pool; and
- 61.9 take all reasonable steps to ensure no unaccompanied child can gain access to the pool area.

ADDITIONAL TERM - NON-URGENT REPAIRS

The tenant hereby agrees that any non-urgent repairs will be carried out between 9 am - 5 pm Monday to Friday.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SMOKING

The tenant hereby agrees that no smoking is allowed inside the residential premises. If the tenant smokes outside the premises, cigarette butts will not be thrown on the ground. The tenant will be charged to wash down all surfaces, floors, and window furnishings upon vacating if the tenant or occupants smoke inside the property. If this property is located in a strata complex, the tenant should observe the Strata By-Laws in respect to smoking on balconies

ADDITIONAL TERM - DISHONORED PAYMENTS

The Tenant agrees that if payment is tendered and subsequently dishonored by the financial institution, then a \$30 dishonor fee will be

ADDITIONAL TERM - GROUND AND GARDENS

65. The tenant agrees to maintain the grounds and gardens including trimming of any shrubs or bushes that grow during the tenancy at the property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ASBESTOS

- Asbestos building materials were very common in the Australian Residential Building Industry between the 1940's 1980's. Current scientific and medical evidence supports the fact that simply living or working in a building that contains asbestos is not dangerous so long as the asbestos is in good condition. Good condition means undamaged and undisturbed. As a general rule if the property was built before the mid 1980's is highly likely that it would have materials containing asbestos. Between 1980's and 1990's it is likely that it would have material containing asbestos. After 1990's, it is highly unlikely it would have materials containing asbestos.
- 66.2 The tenant hereby agrees that they will notify the landlord if any surface and or material at the property, that is believed may contain asbestos, is damaged or disturbed. This notification will be made in writing and communicated to the landlord, via the landlords agent.

ADDITIONAL TERM - INSURANCE

67. The tenant is advised that the landlord is not responsible to insure the tenant's own possessions (contents and personal effects).

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

68. The tenant may be listed on a tenancy database(s) if the tenant vacates owing funds in excess of the bond and/or an order is obtained from the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal(NCAT).

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONSENT TO PUBLISH PHOTOGRAPHS OF RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

- 69.1 The tenant consents to the landlord or landlord's agent publishing any photograph or visual recording made of the interior of the residential premises in which any of the tenant's possessions are visible.
- **69.2** The tenant's consent does not apply to photographs or visual recordings taken by the landlord or landlord's agent without first providing the tenant with reasonable notice.

Notes.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landiord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord include sale of the residential premises, breach of this agreement by the tenant and hardship. The grounds for the tenant include sale of the residential premises (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord and hardship. For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal(NCAT) if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.



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DOCUSIGN ENVELOPE ID. 400902EF-3199-41/E-0AU0-/DZF01A3399D SCHEDULE 2 MODEL BY-LAWS FOR RESIDENTIAL STRATA SCHEMES (CLAUSE 35)

1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners

3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being (a) part of or situated on common property, or
- use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Damage to common property

- An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or (1) screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.
- An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an (3) owner from installing:
 - any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's (a) lot against intruders, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- Despite section 106 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

14. Floor coverings

- An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is (1) covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot:

- must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common (a) property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
- for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
- when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or (e) occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or (f) garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

16. Keeping of animals

- (1)Subject to section 157 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common
- The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval (2) of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Appearance of lot 17.

- The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of (1) the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, (2)bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

19. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).



DUCUSIGN ENVELOPE 1D. 40090ZEF-3199-477E-0AU0-7DZF01A3399D SCHEDULE 3 MODEL BY-LAWS FOR RESIDENTIAL STRATA **SCHEMES (CLAUSE 37)**

Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common property, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation or as permitted by a sign authorised by the owners corporation.

Obstruction of common property

- An owner or person authorised by an owner may install, without the (1)consent of the owners corporation:
 - any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot,
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- Clause (1) does not apply to the installation of any thing that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.
- The owner of a lot must:
 - maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

3. Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being (a) part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Keeping of animals

Note. Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply. Option A

- An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot, if the owner or occupier gives the owners corporation written notice that it is being kept on the lot.
- (2)The notice must be given not later than 14 days after the animal commences to be kept on the lot.
- (3)If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and (b)
 - (c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option B

- An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot or the common property with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property and must give an owner or occupier written reasons for any refusal to grant
- If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:
 - keep the animal within the lot, and (a)
 - supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and (b)
 - (c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.
- An owner or occupier of a lot who keeps an assistance animal on the lot must, if required to do so by the owners corporation, provide evidence to the owners corporation demonstrating that the animal is an assistance animal as referred to in section 9 of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 of the Commonwealth.

6. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitees

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.
- An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier:
 - do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property, and
 - (b) without limiting paragraph (a), that invitees comply with clause

Children playing on common property

- (1) Any child for whom an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible may play on any area of the common property that is designated by the owners corporation for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child for whom the owner or occupier is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or remain on common property that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

9. Smoke penetration

Note. Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

- An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must (1) not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.
- An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

Option B

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property, except:
 - in an area designated as a smoking area by the owners corporation, or
 - with the written approval of the owners corporation. (b)
- A person who is permitted under this by-law to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common property must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other lot.
- An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

10. Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2)This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

12. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2)This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 14.

13. Cleaning windows and doors

Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

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עסטטטנוקוז בוועפוטףפ וט. 400902בד-3193-477ב-0AU0-7טבדס ואסטשטט (ע) ו ne owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

14. Hanging out of washing

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot other than over the balcony railings. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (3) In this by-law washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must:
 - (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) An owner or occupier of a lot must maintain bins for waste within the lot, or on any part of the common property that is authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered.
- (5) An owner or occupier of a lot must not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier.
- (6) An owner or occupier of a lot must place the bins within an area designated for collection by the owners corporation not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the lot or other area authorised for the bins.
- (7) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.
- (8) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots
- (9) In this by-law bin includes any receptacle for waste. waste includes garbage and recyclable material.

Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where bins are shared by lots]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners cornoration.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must:
 - comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (5) In this by-law bin includes any receptacle for waste. waste includes garbage and recyclable material.

17. Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified

- An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot.
- (2) Without limiting clause (1), the following changes of use must be notified:

- a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes),
- (b) a change to the use of a lot for short-term or holiday letting.
- (3) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

18. Compliance with planning and other requirements

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.



THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the <u>Electronic Transactions Act 2000</u> allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the <u>Electronic Transactions</u> Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD/AGENT



Date: 23/9/2029

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

Signed by Landlord/Agent

Date:

23/9/2029

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

Docusigned by:

Gwen Jess Pearl Madrio Cabil Clan John Bell

A9780D746089455...

Docusigned by:

Gwen Jess Pearl Madrio Cabil Clan John Bell

1D8604836F3847F

Signed by Tenant/s

Date: 10-Jun-24 | 3:08 PM AEST 20-Sep-24 | 4:22 PM AEST

06-Jun-24 | 4:21 PM AEST

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.



Signed by Tenant/s

Date: 10-Jun-24 | 3:08 PM AEST 20-Sep-24 | 4:22 PM AEST 06-Jun-2

06-Jun-24 | 4:21 PM AEST

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

SPECIAL CONDITIONS FORMING PART OF THE LEASE BETWEEN:

Josip Samardzic

(Landlord)



AND

Guendolyn Cabel, Gwen Jess Pearl Madrio Cabil & Alan John Bell

(Tenant)

ADDRESS:

Unit 17/8-10 Browne Parade, Liverpool NSW 2170

- 1. The Tenant acknowledges that no pot plants shall be placed on carpet/tiled flooring (indoor areas).
- 2. Tenants are to maintain blinds and ensure they are kept in a clean state.
- 3. The house is to be kept clean and tidy at all times.
 - The kitchen bench tops must not be used for cutting or the placing of very hot pans.
 - Bathroom tiles must be kept clear of mould and soap build-up.
 - The oven, grill and hot plates must be kept clean and a build-up of grease must not occur.
 - Rooms are to be aired sufficiently so that mildew does not appear.
- 4. No pets are allowed unless you have written consent from the Landlord or the agent.
- 5. No smoking is permitted inside the premises at any time.
- 6. The Tenant is not permitted to conduct a business from the property without the written consent from the Landlord or Landlord's Agent.
- 7. The tenant must maintain dishwasher & air-conditioner units and filters (as per your condition report).
- 8. The Tenant is to have all utilities connected in their name and are responsible for any costs of connection.
- 9. The Tenant agrees that special care will be taken to ensure that walls are free of marks and not to use any nails, screws, hooks or any other material that will deface the walls, doors and ceiling.
- 10. The Tenant agrees not to change or add locks to the premises without prior written permission from the Landlord. Should this permission be given, the tenant agrees to provide a copy of the key for any new locks to the Agent within 48 hours. If any key is lost or misplaced by the Tenant, the Tenant is responsible for any costs of replacement keys or locks.
- 11. The Tenant shall not paint or alter any part of the property without prior written permission.
- 12. The Tenant agrees to seek the Landlord's written permission prior to any cable TV installation (Foxtel). The Tenant agrees that any alterations or damage caused from the installation will be compensated or repaired by the Tenant only a Landlord's Agent approved repairer. The Tenant agrees to be responsible for all costs associated to the installation and subscription.
- 13. The Tenant agrees to notify the Agent if their place of employment, contact number or email address is changed.
- 14. The Tenant agrees to notify the agent as soon as possible if smoke alarms require attention and to test the smoke alarms on a monthly basis.
- 15. The Tenant agrees that the garage is to house motor vehicles only (motorbike, car, boat). The storage of personal professions is done so at the Tenants own risk and any damage caused is the responsibility of the Tenant.
- 16. In accordance with the Lease, any damage, or problem should be reported in writing immediately to the office. If necessary, an inspection will be carried out and the matter reported to the Landlord for appropriate action.
- 17. The Tenant agrees not to leave any undesirable rubbish or furniture at the property or on the street during or at the termination of the tenancy.



SPECIAL CONDITIONS FORMING PART OF THE LEASE BETWEEN:

Josip Samardzic

(Landlord)



AND

Guendolyn Cabel, Gwen Jess Pearl Madrio Cabil & Alan John Bell

(Tenant)

ADDRESS:

CICNED DV.

Unit 17/8-10 Browne Parade, Liverpool NSW 2170

- 18. The Tenant agrees they will not set up any form of swimming pool at the property including the inflatable styles, baby pools and shell pools. The Tenant is advised that any reciprocal that can hold water to a depth of over 30cm must be fenced.
- 19. The Tenant acknowledges that the owner retains the right to sell the property at any time during this tenancy.
- 20. The Tenant understands that they are not permitted to license the property out to others for commercial gain on websites such as Air-BNB, Stayz etc. The Tenant is also advised that any short stay or holiday letting cancels the Landlord's/Owner's insurances and the Tenant will be deemed liable via civil law.
- 21. The Tenant hereby agrees that in the event of a breakdown or failure of any item relating to the leased premises, then the leasing agent is hereby authorised to give out the Tenants name and phone number to the leasing agents Contractor in order that the said Contractor is able to make direct contact with the Tenant.
- 22. Tenant agrees to pay any water usage charges for the consumed during the term of the tenancy. Tenant invoices are issued with copies of Sydney Water accounts to confirm consumption of water. Water usage charges must be paid within 14 days.
- 23. The tenant agrees that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated 03/10/2023 forms part of this agreement.

SIGNED BY.		
LANDLORD:		
Signature:		_
Name:	PAOHE UNIUP	_ Date: 23/9/2020
SIGNED BY:		
TENANT:	DocuSigned by: DocuSigned by: DocuSigned	d by:
Signature:	Gwen Jess Pearl Mandrie	_
	10000000	10-Jun-24 3:08 PM AEST
Name:	Guendolyn Cabel, Gwen Jess Pearl Madrio Cabil & Alan John Bell	20-Sep-24 4:22 PM AEST
		06-Jun-24 4:21 PM AEST